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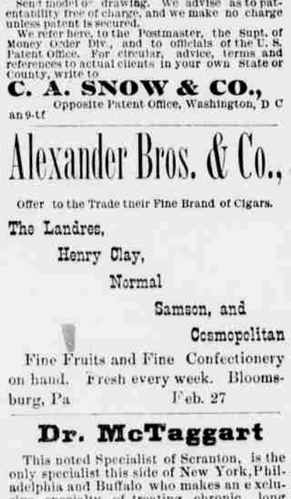

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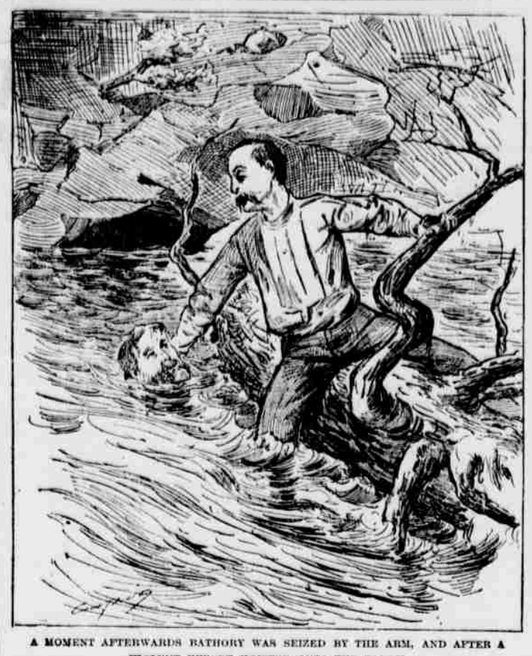

A MOMENT AFTERWARDS RATHORY WAS SEIZED BY THE ARM, AND AFTER A VIOLENT EFFORT HOISTED ONTO THE TRUNK.

Mathias Sandorf.

—BY—

JULES VERNE.

AUTHOR OF "JOURNEY TO THE CENTRE OF THE EARTH," "TRIP TO THE MOON," "AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS," "MICHAEL STROGOFF," "TWENTY THOUSAND LEAGUES UNDER THE SEA," ETC., ETC.

[TRANSLATION COPYRIGHTED, 1885.]

[CHAPTER ELEVEN—CONCLUDED.]

not yet yielded in despair. He rejoiced that his companion was almost senseless. Had he retained the instinct of self preservation he would struggle, and then Sandorf would be obliged to leave him to his fate, or both would be overwhelmed.

Nevertheless the state of affairs could not continue very long. Sandorf's strength began to fail him. Every now and then as he supported Bathory's head his own would sink back into the liquid pillow. Suddenly respiration became difficult. He gasped for breath. he was choking, he was wrestling with asphyxia. Often he had to leave go of his companion whose head sank instantly, but invariably he managed to grip him again, and that amid the wild racing of the waters which shouldered back and piled on each other by the occasional narrowing of the channel thundered along in foam.

At last Count Sandorf thought that all was lost. Bathory slipped from his grasp. He tried to rescue him. He could not. He had lost him; and he himself was dragged down to the torrent's bed.

A violent shock nearly broke his shoulder. He stretched out his hand instinctively. His fingers closed in a clump of roots which were swimming by.

The roots were those of a tree trunk being brought down by the torrent. Sandorf fastened on to this raft and dragged himself back to the surface of the Foiba. Then, while he grasped the root with one hand he sought for his companion with the other.

A moment afterwards Bathory was seized by the arm, and after a violent effort hoisted on to the trunk, where Sandorf took his place beside him. Both were for a time saved from the danger of drowning, but they had bound up their destiny with that of their raft, and given themselves over to the caprices of the rapids of the Brico.

Sandorf had not lost his consciousness for a moment. He made it his first care to make sure that Bathory could not slip from the tree. By excess of precaution he placed himself behind him, so as to hold him in his arms. In this position he kept watch for the end. At the first glimpse of light that penetrated the cavern he would see what the waters were like as they emerged. But there was nothing as yet to show that they were near the end of this wonderful stream.

However, the position of the fugitives had improved. The tree was about twelve feet long, and the spreading roots were now and then struck against the projections. If it were not subjected to a very violent shock its stability, in spite of the the irregularities of the stream, seemed to be assured. Its speed could not be less than nine miles an hour, being equal to that of the torrent that bore it.

Sandorf had recovered his coolness. He tried to revive his companion, whose head rested on his knees. He found that his heart still beat, but that his breathing was difficult. He bent over and tried to breathe a little air into his lungs. Would that the preliminaries of asphyxia had not injured him without hope of relief!

Soon Bathory made a slight movement. More marked respirations came from his parting lips. At last a few words escaped his mouth.

"Wife! My boy! Mathias!"

His whole life was in those three words.

"Stephen, do you know me? do you know me?" asked Sandorf, who had to shout to make himself heard above the wild tumult with which the torrent filled the vaults of the Brico.

"Yes! Yes! I know you. Speak! Speak! Your hand in mine!"

"We are no longer in immediate danger," answered Sandorf. "A raft is carrying us. Where? I cannot say, but it will not leave us!"

"Mathias, and the donjon?"

"We are far away from it now! They will think we found our death in the torrent, and assuredly they will never dream of pursuing us. Wherever this torrent flows out, into sea or river, we shall go; and we shall get there alive! Keep your courage up, Stephen! I will look after you. Be quiet for a little, and recover the strength you will soon want. In a few hours we shall be saved. We shall be free!"

"And Ladislas?" murmured Bathory.

Sandorf gave no answer. What could he say? Zathmar, after giving the alarm from the window, must have been seized, so that flight was impossible, and now under strict guard could in no way be helped by his friends.

Stephen's head again fell back. He had not the physical energy to master his torpor. But Sandorf watched over him, ready for anything, even to abandon the raft if it happened to crash up against the rocks which in the midst of the profound darkness it was impossible to avoid.

It was nearly two o'clock in the morning before the speed of the current, and consequently that of the tree, began sensibly to slacken. Evidently the channel was getting wider and the waters, finding a freer passage between the walls, were traveling at a more moderate pace. And it was not unreasonable to expect that the end of the subterranean pass was close at hand.

But if the walls were widening the roof was closing down on them. By raising his hand Count Sandorf could touch the surface of the irregular schists which stretched above his head. Frequently there came a grating noise as the roots of the tree ground against the roof. Then the trunk would stagger as it recoiled from some violent collision and swing off in a new direction. And then it would drift across the stream, and twist and writhe till the fugitives feared they would be wrenched away. That danger over—after it had been experienced several times—there remained another, of which Sandorf coolly calculated the consequences. What was to happen if the roof continued to close down? Already his only way of escape was to fall backwards the instant his hand felt a projecting rock. Would he have to take to the stream? As far as he was concerned he might attempt it; but how could his companion keep afloat? And if the channel kept low for a long distance how were they to come out of it alive? How indeed—and was death to be the end after so many escapes from death?

Sandorf, energetic as he was, felt his heart wrung with anguish. He saw that the supreme moment was approaching. The tree roots ground against the overhanging rocks more violently, and at times the top of the trunk was driven so deeply into the current that the water completely covered it.

"But," said Sandorf, "the outlet cannot be far off."

And then he looked to see if some vague streak of light did not filter into the darkness ahead. By this time was the night advanced enough for the darkness outside to have lifted? Was the lightning still flashing beyond the Brico? If so, a little light perhaps would show itself in this channel, which threatened to get too small to hold the Foiba. But there was nothing. Nothing but absolute darkness and roaring waters, of which even the foam remained black!

Suddenly there was a terrific shock. At its forward end the tree had dashed against an enormous pendant from the roof. As it struck it completely turned over. But Sandorf did not let go of it. With one hand he desperately clung to the roots, with the other he held his companion. And the tree sank, and with it the men sank into the mass of waters which then filled the channel to the roof.

This lasted for nearly a minute. Sandorf felt that he was lost. Instinctively he stopped breathing so as to economize the little air that remained in his lungs.

Suddenly through the liquid mass, although his eyes were closed, he felt the impression of a vivid light. A lightning flash, it was, followed by the noise of thunder.

It was the light, at last!

The Foiba had emerged from the subterranean channel and was flowing in the open. But whither was it flowing? On what sea coast was its mouth? That was still the insoluble question—a question of life or death.

The trunk of the tree had floated to the surface again. Bathory by a strong effort was dragged up and took his place at the end. Then Sandorf looked before him, around him, above him.

Up stream a dark mass was being left behind. This was the huge cliff of the Brico in which the underground channel opened which gave passage to the waters of the Foiba. Day was already showing itself by the scattered streaks of light overhead, vague as the nebulæ which the eye can only just see on a winter's night. From time to time a few pale lightning flashes lighted up the background amid the dull roll of occasional thunder. The storm was slowly going or else dying away.

To the right, to the left, Sandorf threw a glance of keen anxiety. He saw that the river flowed between two high cliffs and that its speed was terrific.

They were in a rapid which was taking them along amid all its races and eddies. But above their head now was the infinite, and no longer the narrowing vault with its ledges threatening each instant to crush them. But there was no bank on which they could set foot, no slope on which they could disembark. Two steep high walls shut in the narrow Foiba, and it was really the old channel with its vertical walls, but without its roof of stone.

The last immersion had greatly revived Bathory. His hand had sought Sandorf's, who clasped it as he whispered:

"Saved."

But had he a right to use the word? saved, when he did not even know where the river ended or what country it traversed or when they would be able to abandon their raft? Such, however, was his energy that he sat upright on the tree and three times shouted aloud:

"Saved! Saved! Saved!"

Who could hear him? No one on these rocky cliffs whose boulders and schists had not mold enough to bear even a bramble. The country hidden by the high banks would be sought by no human being—a desolate country through which the Foiba runs imprisoned like an artificial canal between its rocky walls. Not a brook flows in to feed it. Not a bird skims its surface, not even a fish ventures into its too rapid waters. Here and there huge rocks rise in its bed, and their parched summits show that the watercourse with all its violence is nothing but a sudden overflowing due to heavy rain. At ordinary times the bed of the Foiba is simply a deep ravine.

The only danger now was lest the tree should be hurled on the rocks. It avoided them of itself as it kept in the middle of the currents which swept round them. But it was impossible to check its speed to get to shore in case a suitable landing place was noticed.

An hour passed and no immediate danger appeared. The final flashes had died out in the distance, and the storm only manifested itself by the heavy thundering which reverberated among the lofty clouds whose long narrow bands streaked the horizon. Day was breaking and the gray was rising over the sky that had been cleared by the tumult of the night. It was about four o'clock in the morning.

Stephen lay in Sandorf's arms.

A distant report was heard towards the southwest.

"What is that?" asked Sandorf, who was still on the lookout. "Is that a gun announcing that a harbor is open? If so we cannot be far from the sea. What port can it be? Trieste? No, for there is the east, where the sun is rising. Can it be Pola at the extreme south of Istria? But then—"

A second report was now heard, and this was almost immediately followed by a third.

"Three cannon shots?" said Sandorf. "That is the signal for an embargo placed upon ships that are anxious to sail? Has that anything to do with our escape?"

He might fear so. Assuredly the authorities would neglect nothing to keep the fugitives from getting away from the coast.

"Heaven helps!" murmured Sandorf.

And now the lofty cliffs which shut in the Foiba began to shorten. Nothing could be seen of the country. Sudden bends marked the horizon and bounded the views a hundred feet away. To take the bearings was impossible.

The much widened river bed, silent and deserted, allowed the current to flow more slowly. A few trees brought down by the stream were floating near them. The June morning was quite chill. In their wet clothes the fugitives shook till their teeth chattered.

Toward five o'clock the cliffs had given place to long low banks, and the country on each side was flat and naked. The Foiba had widened to about half a mile, and become a stretch of stagnant water which might be called a lagoon, if not a lake. In the distance towards the west there were a few vessels. Some at anchor, some with their canvas set waiting for the breeze, and these seemed to show that the lagoon was a haven cut well back into the coast. The sea then was not far off, and there would be no difficulty in finding it. But it would not be prudent to seek shelter with the fishermen. To trust themselves in their power, supposing they had heard of the escape, would be to chance being handed over to the Austrian gendarmes, who were probably now scouring the country.

Sandorf knew not what to do, when the tree struck a stump on the left side of the lagoon and stopped dead. The roots got entangled with a clump of brushwood and the tree swung round parallel with the bank as if it had been a boat under the control of a steersman.

Sandorf got ashore and looked around. He wished to make sure that no one saw him.

As far as he could see there was no one, fisherman or otherwise, within sight on the lagoon.

And yet within a hundred yards of him there was a man stretched at full length on the sand who could see both him and his companion.

CHAPTER XII.

THE RUINED FARM.

Sandorf thinking all was safe went back to the tree, lifted his companion in his arms and laid him on the bank. He knew nothing of where he was or where he was to go.

In reality this sheet of water, which serves as the mouth of the Foiba, is neither a lagoon nor a lake, but an estuary. It bears the name of Leme Canal and it communicates with the Adriatic by a narrow creek between Orsera and Rovigno on the western side of the Istrian peninsula. But it was not known before this voyage that its waters come from the Foiba and were brought throught the gorge of the Brico during heavy rains.

A few paces from the bank there was a deserted hut and Sandorf and Bathory after a short rest took shelter in it. There they stripped and waited while the sun dried their clothes. The fishing vessels were leaving the Leme Canal and as far as they could see the place was deserted.

The man who had been watching them since they landed now got up and carefully noted the position of the hut. And then he disappeared around a knoll and made off towards the south.

Three hours afterwards Sandorf and his companion resumed their clothes. They were still damp, but it was necessary to move on.

"We must not stay too long in this hut," said Bathory.

"Do you feel yourself strong enough to start?" asked Sandorf.

"I am almost exhausted with hunger!"

"Let us try to reach the coast! There we may perhaps procure something to eat and something to take us to sea. Come Stephen!"

And they left the hut, evidently suffering more from hunger than fatigue.

Sandorf's intention was to follow the southern bank of the Leme Canal until he reached the sea. The country was deserted, it is true, but quite a number of streams intersected it on their way to the estuary. This watery network along the banks is nothing more nor less than a vast sponge, and the mud is impassable, so that the fugitives had to strike southward obliquely, easily keeping their course by the sun, which had now risen. For two hours they kept on without meeting a human being, and without finding anything to satisfy the hunger that was devouring them.

Then the country became less arid. They found a road running east and west, which boasted a mile-stone that gave no indication as to the region across which they were feeling their way like the blind. There were, however, some hedges of mulberry trees, and farther on a field of sorghum, which enabled them to allay their hunger or rather to cheat the wants of their stomachs. The sorghum chewed and even eaten, and the refreshing mulberries, might perhaps be enough to keep them from exhaustion before they reached the coast.

But if the country was inhabited, if a few fields showed that the hand of man was employed about them, the fugitives had to be careful how they met the inhabitants.

About noon five or six foot passengers appeared on the road. As a matter of caution Sandorf thought he and Bathory had better get out of sight. Fortunately an enclosure around an old ruined farm lay some fifty yards to the left. There, before they had been noticed, he and his companion took refuge in a kind of dark cellar, where in the event of any one stopping at the farm they ran little risk of discovery if they waited till the night.

The foot passengers were peasants and salt marsh workers. Some were driving a flock of geese, doubtless to market at some town or village which could not be very far from the canal. Men and women were clothed in Istrian style, with the jewels, medals, earrings, breast crosses and filigree pendants which ornament the ordinary costume of both sexes. The salt marsh workers were more simply dressed, as with sack on back and stick in hand they marched along to the salterns in the neighborhood, or perhaps even to the important establishments at Stagnone or Pirano in the west of the province.

Some of them stopped when they reached the farm and rested for a little on the doorstep. They talked in a loud voice, not without a certain animation, but only of things concerning their trade.

The fugitives leant against the corner and listened. Perhaps these people had already heard of the escape and were talking about it? Perhaps they were saying something which might reveal in what part of Istria they then were.

Not a word passed on the subject. They could only continue to guess.

"If the country people say nothing about our escape it is a fair inference," said Sandorf, "that they have not yet heard of it."

"That," said Bathory, "would go to prove that we are some distance from the fortress. Considering the rapidity of the torrent which kept us under ground for more than six hours I am not surprised at that."

"That must be it," said Sandorf.

A couple of hours passed, and then some salt-workers as they passed the farm without stopping were heard to speak about the gendarmes they had met at the gate of the town.

What town? They gave it no name. This was not very reassuring. If gendarmes were about it was probable that they were scouring the country in search of the fugitives.

"But," said Bathory, "considering how we escaped, they might well believe us dead and never think of pursuit."

"They will believe we are dead when they find our bodies," answered Sandorf.

There being no doubt that the police were afoot and in search of them, they decided to stay till it was night. Although they were tortured with hunger they dared not leave their retreat; and they were wise.

About five o'clock the tramp of a small troop of horse was heard along the road.

Sandorf, who had been out to the gate of the enclosure, hurriedly rejoined his companion and dragged him into the darkest corner of the cellar. There they hid themselves under a heap of brushwood and remained motionless.

Half a dozen gendarmes headed by a sergeant were coming along the road towards the east. Would they stop at the farm? Sandorf anxiously asked. If they searched the place they could not fail to find them.

They halted. The sergeant and two of the men dismounted, while the others remained in the saddle and received orders to search the country along the canal and then return to the farm, where the rest would meet then at seven o'clock.

The four gendarmes moved off immediately. The sergeant and the two others picketed their horses and sat down to talk. From the corner of the cellar the fugitives could hear all that passed.

"Yes," we shall go back to the town this evening and get the orders for to-night," said the sergeant in reply to one of the men. "The telegraph may bring us fresh instructions from Trieste."

The town in question was not Trieste; that was one point of which Count Sandorf made a note.

"Are you not afraid," said the second gendarme, "that while we are looking about here that the fugitives may have got down the Quarnero Canal?"

"Yes, that is possible," said the first gendarme, "for they might think it safer than here."

"If they do," said the sergeant, they now the less risk being found, for the whole coast is being looked after from one end to the other."

Second fact worth noting. Sandorf and his companion were on the west coast of Istria, that is to say, near the Adriatic shore, and not on the banks of the opposite canal which runs out at Fiume.

"I think they are having a look round the salt works at Pirano and Capo d'Istria," said the sergeant. "They might hide there easily and get on board a vessel crossing the Adriatic and bound for Rimini or Venice."

"They had much better have waited patiently in their cell," said one of the gendarmes philosophically.

"Yes," added the other, "sooner or later they'll be caught, if they have not fished them up out of the Buco! That would finish it, though, and we should not have to trot about the country in all this heat."

"And who says it hasn't finished it?" replied the sergeant. "Perhaps the Foiba has been the executioner, and while it is in flood, the wretched men could not have chosen a worse road out of the donjon of Pisino."

The Foiba then was the name of the river which had carried off Count Sandorf and his companion. It was the fortress of Pisino to which they had been taken after their arrest, and there they had been imprisoned, tried and sentenced. It was from its donjon they had escaped. Count Sandorf knew this town of Pisino well. He had at last fixed on this point which was so important for him to know, and it would no longer be by chance that he would cross the Istrian peninsula, if flight was still possible.

The conversation of the gendarmes did not stop here; but in these few words the fugitives had learned all they wished to know—except, perhaps, the name of the town by the canal on the Adriatic coast.

Soon the sergeant got up and walked about the enclosure, watching if his men were returning to the farm. Twice or thrice he entered the ruined house and looked into the rooms, rather from professional habit than suspicion. He even came to the door of the cellar, and the fugitives would certainly have been discovered if the darkness had not been so great. He even entered it, and tossed about the brushwood in the corner with his scabbard, but without reaching those beneath. At this moment Sandorf and Bathory passed through almost the whole gamut of anguish. They had resolved to sell their lives dearly if the sergeant reached them. To throw themselves on him, profit by his surprise to deprive him of his arms, to attack him two to one, to kill him or make him kill himself, they had fully made up their minds.

At this moment the sergeant was called out, and he left the cellar without noticing anything suspicious. The four gendarmes sent off to search had just returned to the farm. Despite all they could do they did not come across any traces of the fugitives in the district between the coast and the canal. But they had not come back alone—a man accompanied them.

He was a Spaniard employed in the salt works in the neighborhood. He was returning to the town when the gendarmes met him. As he told them that he had been all over the country between the town and the salt works they resolved to bring him to the sergeant for him to interrogate him. The man had no objection to go with them.

The sergeant asked him if he had noticed any strangers in the salt works.

"No, sergeant," said the man; "but this morning, about an hour after I left the town, I saw two men who had just landed at the point along the canal."

"Two men, do you say?" asked the sergeant.

"Yes, but as in these parts we thought the execution at Bisino took place this morning, and had heard nothing about the escape, I did not pay much attention to the men. Now I know what has occurred I should not be surprised if they were the two you want.

From the corner of the cellar Sandorf and Bathory could hear every word of this conversation which affected them so nearly. Then when they landed on the bank they had been seen.

"What is your name?" asked the sergeant.

"Carpena, and I am employed at the salt works."

"Could you recognize these two men you saw this morning?"

"Yes, probably!"

"Well, you can come and make a declaration, and put yourself at the disposal of the police."

"I am at your orders."

"Do you know there is a five thousand florins reward for the discovery of the fugitives?"

"

The Columbian.

O. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1886.

Marrying for Pensions.

Congressman Bragg, of Wisconsin, has discovered a new and peculiar conspiracy against the national welfare. It seems, according to his showing, that the American girl is systematically marrying the American old soldier for the sole purpose of getting herself placed on the pension rolls in a few years as a widow, contrary to the true intent and meaning of the law. Unless steps shall be taken to limit widows' pensions to women who were wives of soldiers when the war was in progress. Mr. Bragg gives us to understand, the government must ultimately find itself burdened with a large assortment of young women having no just claims upon its beneficence.

Tax on Moneyed Capital.

JUDGE HAND AFFIRMS THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE NEW LAW.

President Judge Hand of Lackawanna county at Scranton rendered a decision in the case of George Sanderson and others, asking for an injunction restraining the County Commissioners from assessing and collecting the three mill-tax on moneyed capital under the provisions of the act passed by the last Legislature. The petitioners claimed that the act was unconstitutional, because the title does not express the subject matter, because the act contains more than one subject,does not point out what laws or portions of laws are thereby revised, amended, extended or repealed, enacts exceptions from taxation unwarranted by the Constitution, and because the taxation enacted is not uniform. On every point raised Judge Hand affirms the constitutionality of the law. The case will be appealed to the Supreme Court.

Ideas for Pensioners.

In anticipation of the passage of the bill by the Senate which contemplates an increase in widows' pensions from $8 to $12 per month claimants are already inquiring at the Pension Office as to what forms of application are necessary to be filed; what fees are to be paid attorneys for collecting the increased pension; in what manner the old certificates are to be returned, etc., etc. To give pensioners a correct idea of the situation the Commissioner of Pensions makes the following statement; that in case the bill now pending in the Senate becomes a law, it is his intention to adjudicate the new claims without the production of any evidence and without the surrender of the old certificates, either to the office or to third parties. The payment by the additional rate will simply be a matter of detail, no more so than the payment of the pension agents at the different agencies of the sums due on any certificate at the present time, and he desires that no correspondence be referred to the office on the subject, as the result would be to greatly embarrass and delay the operations of the office.

Attorney Generals Brewster and Garland.

When the Western Union Company's counsel asked Attorney General Brewster to allow the government to intervene and cancel Colgate's patent, the application was referred to Solicitor General Phillips for action, and by his direction suit was begun in the Circuit Court in this city. When the Pan Electric Company—or the National Improved Telephone Company, for they are practically one—asked Attorney General Garland to allow the government to intervene and cancel the Bell patent, the application was referred to Solicitor General Goode and by his direction suit was begun in the Circuit Court in Memphis. Attorney General Brewster had been counsel for the Western Union Telegraph Company in Pennsylvania and he acted with discretion and propriety in referring the company's application to the Solicitor General. Attorney General Garland was interested as a stockholder in the Pan Electric Company, and he acted with discretion and propriety in referring the application to Solicitor General Goode. We think that "Honesty" and the *Post* will be satisfied now that the cases are "quite parallel." And this parallelism will not be disturbed if we add that no corrupt act or intent was ever charged against Mr. Brewster for his course in the Colgate case, and no corrupt act or intent can be justly charged against Mr. Garland for his course in the Bell case. *New York Times.*

The Leader in a Mock Religious Service Dies a Raving Maniac.

News of a strange and mysterious occurrence at Millersburg, Dauphin County, has been received. On Thursday morning there was a jovial crowd in a hotel at that place and while they were imbibing Samuel Motter entered. Motter was well known throughout the country as a patent-medicine peddler and was about fifty-five years of age. His wife died in the almshouse some time ago, and since then he has been living near that place.

Shortly after Motter entered a discussion on religious subjects arose. The sacrament of the Lord's Supper was talked about. Motter became very earnest in his talk, and finally dared the men to indulge in an imitation of the Lord's Supper. They agreed to have it with beer and bread, and accordingly a glass was filled with that beverage. They then knelt in mock humility, and with the beer in one hand and the bread in the other Motter went along distributing a bite and a sup to each.

Suddenly, when he was about half through, a strange noise was heard, and looking up the men saw a sight that "made their blood run cold and froze the marrow in their bones." As near as the scared men could describe it, they declare it was an immense, ill formed and foul beast with great cloven feet, painted horns and eyes that flashed fire. With wild yells the men rushed out in the open air and scattered in every direction. Finally all of them reached their homes except Motter, who was away for a long time, and at last arrived a maniac. He was put to bed and physicians summoned, but they could do nothing for him. He raved, howled and prayed, declaring that he had seen the Evil One and that he was lost. His torture was terrible, but nothing could be done to relieve him, and he died in the wildest agony. The death-bed scene is said to have been full of horrors that can hardly be described.

ANOTHER SOLDIER GONE.

GENERAL HANCOCK ADDED TO THE LIST OF OUR ILLUSTRIOUS DEAD.

Major General Winfield Scott Hancock died at his home on Governor's Island, New York, on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Twenty days ago he started on business connected with the Department of the Atlantic, to Philadelphia, where he remained two days and then proceeded to Washington. In Washington a boil developed itself on the back of his neck. It was lanced on January 30th and as the General was much inconvenienced by its presence he returned to New York several days sooner than he had designed. During the first week of February the boil had developed into a malignant carbuncle, which suppurated constantly and prevented rest or sleep. Dr. Janeway was called in attendance and it was not until a marked weakness had resulted from the presence of the carbuncle that the surgeon discovered that General Hancock was suffering from diabetes and kidney trouble. Dr. Janeway called in consultation, Medical Director of the Department, and Dr. D. M. Stimson, of New York. The medical men concluded on Monday that the case was assuming a very serious form.

At 10 o'clock on Monday night before going home, Dr. Janeway found his patient in good spirits and able to assist himself, and he left him apparently improved and in the charge of Hospital Steward Robinson. At 6:45 o'clock on Tuesday morning, Mrs. Hancock dispatched an orderly for Dr. Janeway, as she feared the General was sinking rapidly. The doctor came speedily and he found the General in a comatose state, with a feeble pulse and all the premonitory symptoms of death. The Doctor summoned the two physicians already named. Hypodermic injections of brandy and ether, and of carbonate of ammonia and brandy were administered. These, however, only alleviated the suffering of the soldier, who gradually sank away until death was touched at 2:51 p. m. as stated. In the words of Dr. Janeway, "The General went down to the close of his life like a person descending a flight of stairs."

When death came, the three physicians and the Hospital Steward only were present.

HIS LIFE AND SERVICES.

Winfield Scott Hancock was born in Montgomery county, Pa., February 4, 1824, and was therefore within a few days of 62 years of age. His mother's father was a Revolutionary soldier and was captured at sea and confined in the Dartmoor prison, England. His great-grandfather on his mother's side was also a soldier under Washington and rendered good service, dying at the close of the Revolution from exposure and hardships endured in the field. Hancock's father served in the war of 1812 and afterwards became a lawyer of distinction in Montgomery county, Pa. At the age of 16 Hancock was sent to West Point, graduated in 1844, June 30, and 1845–6 served with his regiment in the Indian Territory as a Second Lieutenant of the Sixth Infantry. In 1847 he was in Mexico and conspicuous for gallantry at the Natural Bridge, San Antonio, Contreras, Cherubusco, Molino del Rey and the capture of the City of Mexico. He was breveted for gallantry at the battles of Contreras and Cherubusco. In 1849 and 1850 he served with his regiment as Quarter-Master and Adjutant, and in the Fall of 1850 was married at St. Louis to Miss Almira Russell, the daughter of a prominent merchant of that city. He took part in several Indian campaigns in the West, and in 1857 was engaged in the Southern Florida war. He served in the expedition against Utah, and in 1859 went to California.

When he heard of the rebellion he took high ground in favor of the Union and did much in 1861 to check the secession spirit then seizing on California. He applied to Governor Curtin, of Pennsylvania, for a commission in the volunteers, but the Governor being slow in replying to his application, he obtained a leave of absence and came East. His earnestness impressed General Scott, who ordered him to report to General McClellan, and on the formal recommendation of McClellan, President Lincoln, on the 23d of September, 1861, commissioned Hancock a Brigadier-General of Volunteers. He was assigned to a brigade in the division of General Baldy Smith, and reported for duty at Chain Bridge, Virginia, in the Army of the Potomac.

He was engaged in the battles of Warwick Court House, Williamsburg, South Mountain, Antietam, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, and many others.

It was at Gettysburg Hancock again loomed up before the country as a hero. When he arrived on the field he found the army in confusion, and a retreat had already begun. Planting some infantry and batteries on Cemetery Hill he threw his whole energy into the battle and checked the enemy. Of General Hancock's individual action at Gettysburg it would require a volume to tell. His was really the action of the army, and Round Top, Culp's Hill and Cemetery Heights were his creations. He sent word to General Meade that that was the place to fight, and seizing the favorable positions, with the eye of a consummate general, hung on to them with the advance until Meade brought up the whole army and delivered his battle

He was wounded at Gettysburg and did not recover from his wound until December, 1863, when, although still quite lame, he reported for duty, and was sent North to recruit his corps. He was tendered a reception at Independence Hall by the citizens of Philadelphia, and received the hospitalities of the citizens of Boston, Albany and New York. In March, 1864, he rejoined his corps and participated in the battle of the Wilderness with Grant.

He was a prominent leader all through the war and has ever since shared the honors of the victory with other great soldiers.

In 1876 he was a strong favorite of a large portion of the Democratic party for the Presidential nomination. The obvious strength of Samuel J. Tilden pointed to him, however, and he was nominated. Four years later his name was again considered. The delegates from this state were almost a unit for his nomination, and Senator William A. Wallace who was a delegate at large in the convention, assumed the management of the canvass in his behalf. His name was presented to the convention by Hon. Daniel Dougherty, of Philadelphia, and after an active and interesting struggle he was nominated. The contest was one of extraordinary spirit and earnestness. As Col. McClure said, "he ran like fire in an August clearing" in the beginning and for the first time in many years the State of Maine went Democratic at the September election. But instead of that result proving an advantage it was the cause of his defeat. The Republicans became alarmed and desperate. Immense sums of money were thrown into the contest in Ohio and Indiana, and the latter State was lost to the Democrats. This inspired the opposition to renewed efforts. The tariff issue was raised. A business alarm was started, and finally a division of the Democratic party in New York gave that State and the election to Garfield. General Hancock accepted defeat in his usual philosophic manner, and commanded the troops at the inauguration of his rival for the highest honors in the gift of the people.

The Washington Family's Silverware.

From the Richmond State.

The family silverware bequeathed by Geo. Washington to his adopted son, George Washington Park Custis, of Arlington, is now in possession of the grandson of the latter, General Custis Lee, president of Washington and Lee university, to whom it descended by will. During the war it was transfered from Arlington to Richmond, and thence on danger threatening the capital of the Confederacy, to a place near Lexington, Va., where it was safely hidden in custody of an exsergeant of the Fifth United States cavalry, who had served with Gen. Custis Lee in the old army. The faithful soldier, at the end of the war, delivered all the articles over to the care of Mrs. Lee, to his own satisfaction and to her great joy.

A Salvation Deserter.

MISS MCKEE, OF THE SALVATION ARMY, ELOPES WITH A MARRIED MAN.

WILLIAMSPORT, Feb. 7.—The latest instance of ungodliness in the Salvation Army is the elopement of Jerome H. Smale, of 44 Railroad Avenue, with Miss McKee a member of that organization. Miss McKee is a good-looking buxom young woman, and is fond of the attentions of men. Latterly she has not been in good standing in the Salvation Army, but not long ago she was a shining light. Jerome H. Smale, the gay eloper, is a respected citizen, and he leaves a wealthy and very devoted wife.

Ever since the Salvation Army began working in Williamsport Smale has been a devout salvationist, and for some time past has allowed his zeal for the army and his passion for Miss McKee to cause him to neglect his wife. Yesterday he abandoned her entirely and went off with his new found love. Mrs. Smale has the sympathy of all her neighbors. She has no children, the only child having died some time ago.

War on the Mormons.

DEPUTY MARSHALS AFTER PRESIDENT CANNON. POLYGAMIST'S CONVICTIONS AFFIRMED.

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 7.—This morning raids was made by deputy marshals on the residence of George C. Cannon, of the Mormon First Presidency. His supposed latest polygamous wife, who had avoided service of a summons heretofore, and other persons were subpœnaed to appear and testify before the grand jury. United States District Attorney Dickson offers a reward of $500 for the capture of Cannon. The Territorial Supreme Court has rendered a decision sustaining the conviction of Apostle Lorenzo Snow of unlawful cohabitation. The Court recites that Snow, in Nauvoo, first illegally married two women at one ceremony, and the contract, therefore, was null and void.

He then married successively seven other women, all of whom he supports and holds out to the world as his wives. This is shown by the testimony, while, at the same time, he dwells regularly with Minnie, his latest polygamous wife, who has a 3-month-old child. The Court says this is one of the most flagrant cases of polygamy in the territory and that no error was made in convicting Snow. The Court also sustains the conviction of Brigham Young Hampton of conspiring to establish disreputable houses for the purpose of luring thither prominent Gentiles, and says the testimony disclosed a wicked and disgraceful conspiracy, which must be condemned by all.

The Jobbers' War.

The country will note with interest the progress of the jobbers' war against honest government by combined and desperate assaults upon the President and Cabinet.

The Pacific Railroad ring, hitherto so powerful that it could either defeat or evade legislation requiring it to account to tue government for the millions it justly owes, bowed to necessity whenever Cleveland's election was declared. Then, for the first time, the government was informed that the accounts as stated would be settled; but the railroad jobbers have not forgiven the power that compels them to deal honestly with the government.

The steamship loboy and jobbers are fervent in their assaults against the administration because Postmaster Vilas refused to divide $400,000 among them appropriated to be used in his discretion under the law. Heretofore such a conditional appropriation was an assured payment to the steamship lobby and jobbers, and they are frantic in their hostility to a Cabinet that refuses to pay out public money except when clearly required by law.

The naval jobbers are voiced by Senators and organs who assail the Secretary of the Navy for the failure of John Roach. The honest enforcement of government contracts is a new and startling theory to them, and especially when it applies to a public contractor who could contribute fifty or a hundred thousand dollars to a political corruption fund.

The Bell Telephone ring, whose stock cost $30 and is now worth $1,200 per share, and whose projectors are millionaires as the fruits of public extortion, are frenzied to madness by the Solicitor General of the government summoning them into court to defend their own patent against the most direct evidence of collusion and fraud; and a Cabinet officer, who happens to be a three years' owner of valueless stock in another patent that could not be made better or worse by any issue of the Bell suit, assailed with all the studied malignity and versatility that only banded jobbers of might can command.

The jobbers and lobbyists are in desperate battle with honest government. They will command corrupt officials, weak and venal newspapers and partisan antagonism; but it will be neither more nor less than the jobbers' war after all and honest government will speedily and grandly triumph,—*Times*

The remaining copies of the History of Columbia County, a book of 600 pages illustrated and bound in cloth will be closed out at $1.00 each, 25 cents extra by mail. For sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Bloomsburg, Pa.

A Political Crime.

We have received from the publisher, William S. Gottsberger 11 Murray street, N. Y. a book entitled "A Political Crime," the history of the great fraud of 1876, by A. M. Gibson, price $1.50. The Philadelphia *Times* of Nov. 14th 1885, says of it:

"It is a book of over 400 pages, and presents the only connected and complete history of the political fraud of 1876–7 that has been given to the country. It is now an accepted fact in our political history that Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks were elected President and Vice-President in 1876, and denied the offices to which the people chose them by a system of forgery, perjury, and fraud, that stand out in singleness of infamy in the whole political annals of the nation. Partisan necessities have made feeble defense of or excuse for the crime against the people and their government, but there is now little attempt, even among regulation partisans, to deny the fraud that made Rutherford B. Hayes President.

"Mr. Gibson is better equipped for the task of crystallizing the facts of the great fraud of 1876–7 into history than any other writer in the country. He was intimately associated with those who battled against the crime step by step; he is a trained journalist; he is tireless as he is able and skillful in gathering and grouping facts, and his minute knowledge of the general political movements of the day, made him specially competent to write the history that now bears his name. It is a most careful, methodical, and exhaustive presentation of the whole conspiracy and crime, from its inception through all the sinuous stages of progress to its final consummation: and he has fortified every material point by documentary testimony that forbids dispute. It is, in short, a picture to life of the great political crime of the nation, and it is so complete and so well fortified that there can be no answer to it and no need for any supplemental work in the future.

"There are few intelligent American citizens who can read Mr. Gibson's book without being startled at the magnitude and desperation of the fraud, even with the general recollection of it that remains with them, for when given chapter by chapter it presents such studied, far-reaching, and verilous crime that it can be appreciated only by following it from its slimy birth to its festering completion. There are two men whose names are now seldom lisped by the American people, who will greatly regret the publication of Mr. Gibson's book. But gladly as the American people would forget Rutherford B. Hays and William A. Wheeler, and gladly as they would be forgotten, the truth of history demands that a fraud that reversed the nation's popular verdict of a quarter of a million majority, shall be so conspicuous in history as to make its repetition impossible. Mr. Gibson has done that work and he has done it well."

Anything to Beat a Railroad.

In speaking of the movement of the general passenger agents to head off the ticket-scalpers, the New York *Daily Indicator* says:

"The railroads have not adopted the rule requiring limited tickets to be used only for continuous train rides, without excellent reasons. The roads have no desire to prevent passengers from stopping over at places along their lines. On the contrary, they have heretofore made it as convenient as possible for people to do this very thing. But how has the traveling public shown its appreciation of the courtesy? Simply by trying, in every possible way, to swindle the railroads whenever they saw a chance. A man wants to go to Buffalo—what does he do? Buys a ticket to Chicago, and when he gets to Buffalo sells the unused portion of his ticket to a scalper. The railroad is doubly cheated. First it carries the original swindler to Buffalo for less than it takes a passenger who is too honest to indulge in the luxury of cheating the railroad; and, second, it carries another man from Buffalo to Chicago at less than the regular rate. The posted traveler, who cannot arrange to buy more tickets than he intends to use, never thinks of going to the railroad office for the tickets he wants. He patronizes the scalper, and helps that one to skin the railroad. So it goes, the railroads by an extension of courtesy have been victimized and robbed by the traveling public. The everyday traveler at all times has his eyes open to the chance to beat the public. And so widely has the influence spread that even staid, honest-going people, who travel only occasionally, have come to think it quite the thing to deal entirely with scalpers, and assist in whatever swindle may be necessary to effect a saving for themselves of a few dollars. We are glad that the railroads have decided at last to protect themselves from the dishonesty of people who claim to be more than respectables." *

100 Doses

One Dollar. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine of which this can be truly said; and it is an unanswerable argument as to the strength and positive *economy* of this great medicine. Hood's Sarsaparilla is made of roots, herbs, barks, etc., long and favorably known for their power in purifying the blood; and in combination, proportion, and process, Hood's Sarsaparilla is *peculiar to itself.*

"*For economy* and comfort we use Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. C. BREWSTER, Buffalo.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla takes *less time and quantity* to show its effect than any other preparation I ever heard of. I would not be without it in the house." MRS. C. A. M. HUBBARD, North Chili, N. Y. 100 *Doses*

One Dollar

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures scrofula, salt rheum, all humors, boils, pimples, general debility, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, catarrh, rheumatism, kidney and liver complaints, and all affections caused by impure blood or low condition of the system. Try it.

"I was severely afflicted with scrofula, and for over a year had two running sores on my neck. I took five bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and consider myself entirely cured." C. E. LOVEJOY, Lowell, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla did me an immense amount of good. My whole system has been built up and strengthened, my digestion improved, and my head relieved of the bad feeling. I consider it the best medicine I have ever used, and should not know how to do without it." MARY L. PEBLE, Salem, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass

100 Doses One Dollar.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Catharine Farver, late of Jackson township, Col. Co. deceased.

Letters of administration in said estate having been granted to the undersigned administrator, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate present the same to

GEORGE W. FARVER, Administrator, P. O. Derr's.

Jan. 1, 6w*

SUBSCRIBE FOR

THE COLUMBIAN,

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-St. N. Y. Oct 16-1y

WORDS FAIL. "Words fail to express my gratitude," says Mr. SELBY CARTER, of Nashville, Tenn., "for the benefits derived from

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Having been afflicted all my life with Scrofula, my system seemed saturated with it. It came out in Blotches, Ulcers, and Mattery Sores, all over my body. Mr. Carter states that he was entirely cured by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and size of discomfiting its use, eight months ago, he has had no return of the scrofulous symptoms.

All scrofulous infections of the blood are promptly removed by this unequalled alterative.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. $1, six bottles for $5.

AGENTS WANTED!

WANTED.—A good man to introduce our celebrated, pure and fragrant

TEAS AND COFFEES

in Columbia county. To the right man liberal arrangements will be made. Send for our terms. Address, Jones Bro's T Co., Scranton, Pa. [21.

STATEMENT OF THE COUNTY FINANCES,

From January 5th, 1885, to January 1st, 1886.

STATEMENT SHOWING TAXES ASSESSED AND BALANCE STILL DUE.

DISTRICTS.	TAXES ASSESSED, County	Dog	STILL DUE, County	Dog
Beaver	$621 35	$83 50	$12 70	* *
Benton	832 28	79 50	9 50	429 85 79 50
Berwick	1901 65	81 00	70 00	565 05 61 00
Bloom	4019 21	69 50	152 21	2037 98 69 50
Briarcreek	1145 25	73 50	5 80	416 09 73 5
Catawissa	1890 36	58 50	61 58	286 84 58 50
Centralia	1029 47	4 50	4 89	237 43 4 50
Centre	1623 61	81 50	29 35	1353 81 81 50
Conyng h'm	2580 18	6 00	1 50	291 41 6 00
Fishing cr'k	1114 18	83 00	26 70	515 88 83 00
Franklin	543 65	40 50	9 05	* * * *
Greenwood	1248 74	103 00	39 15	661 19 103 00
Hemlock	981 00	57 50	9 35	430 63 57 50
Jackso'n	279 42	48 00	3 25	96 98 48 00
Locust	1777 17	118 50	26 20	532 22 118 50
Madiso'n	1005 25	82 50	16 65	210 52 82 50
Main	605 70	48 00	27 35	160 04 48 00
Mifflin	1064 56	74 50	37 10	329 81 76 50
Montour	1816 54	145 5	19 35	1106 50 145 50
Mt. Pleasn't	676 89	60 00	19 70	372 00 60 00
Orange	851 95	51 00	25 70	468 37 51 50
Pine	415 90	61 50	3 20	155 61 61 50
Roaringc'k	401 67	40 50	5 50	* * * *
Scott	1392 65	74 50	84 40	639 27 74 50
Sugarloaf	592 61	65 50	* *	121 13 65 50
	$8542.78	1576.00	701.98	10667.50 1411.50

Amount due for years previous to 1885.

Districts	Year	Collectors	County	Dog
Bloom	1884	W B Allen	$ 841 53	$ 79 50
Centralia	1884	David Walsh	748 81	50
Bloom	1880	Reuben Harris	494 50	85 00
			$ 208490	$ 161 00

PETER A. EVANS, Treasurer of Columbia Co., in account with said county on county funds. January 5th, 1885.

To amt uncollected prior to '85	$ 19565 63
" " on hand at last settlement	5 21
" county tax assessed in 1885	28542 78
" tax on registry of voters	28 26
" State tax refunded to A M Johnson on unpaid interest	9 99
" Jonas Kline, rent, old jail	61 00
" Daniel Laubach	28 75
" Abraham Strausser, surplus money on Elias Krum tract	83
" Z R Shultz, wash stand	1 00
" Wm Geiger, deed held by Commissioners redeemed	12 60
" Isaac Henry's Est., deed held by Commissioners redeemed	7 24
" John Kuhns deed, held by Commissioners redeemed	19 02
" Jacob Lynn, deed, held by Commissioners, redeemed	5 45
" C B Brockway, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	13 32
" Ira D Kline, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	7 59
" Sarah Fisher, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	6 61
" Jacob Yohe, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	3 17
" C Schlaubach, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	6 27
" B H Vannata, deed held by Commissioners redeemed	88 66
" George Rice, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	7 21
" Mary L Kline, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	6 02
" Daniel Stine, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	6 02
" C B Brockway, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	6 84
" Peter McManamum, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	3 95
" amt received from sale of lands sold by Commissioners	150 09
" Richard Ivey, old spouting	1 10
" Wm Schechterly, jury fee	4 00
" John Bretsch, old bridge plank, Catawissa	3 00
" C W Ent, old bridge	15 01
" Mathias Kline, old desk	30
" Thomas Gorrec, old carpet	1 50
" Washington Parr, old screen	1 40
" James Lake, old carpet	60
" George deagle,	4 00
" G A Herring, old bridge plank	80
" W H Snyder, jury fees	49 73
" " " costs in case of Com vs McCormick	15 85
" W H Snyder, " costs in case of Com vs Geo Snyder	11 80
" David Giffin, old bridge plank, Catawissa	10 00
" D R Coffman, old scythe	55
" B Stohner, rent old jail stable	12 00
" Washington Parr, old bridge plank, Catawissa	6 00
" Philip Miller, old bridge plank, Catawissa	8 00
" W H Snyder, nail rack and iron rod	1 15
" rebate from State Treasurer on Report of Lizzie Hawley, Warren hospital	58 59
" amt collected on unseated land	60 09
" " " seated land	15 71
" received from dog fund	841 98
	$ 42731 72

CR.

By commission, exonerations and returns allowed collectors for 1885 and previous years.

Districts.	Com. 1885.	Ex.	Districts.	Com.	Ex.
Beaver	$30 25	$ 18 29	Hemlock	$48 14	$ 15 27
Franklin	27 18		Locust	59 76	14 5
Roaringc'k	20 03	1 20	Madison	49 91	18 07
	1884		Main	30 53	4 75
Beaver	29 67	41 78	Mifflin	53 33	4 80
Benton	41 46	4 90	Montour	40 73	1 40
Berwick	94 22	52 51	Mt Pleasant	29 15	22 50
Briarcreek	36 87	3 08	Orange	42 62	8 60
Catawissa	92 07	24 70	Pine	20 00	15 50
Center	81 24	16 47	Scott	69 04	25 05
Conyngham	57 36	107 21	Sugarloaf	21 18	2 95
Fishingcr'k	55 76	5 91		1883.	
Greenwood	64 32	16 57	Centralia	$1 63	64 27
			Center	81 68	12 93
				$1274 99	$804 11

By total commission	$ 1274 99
" " exonerations and returns	804 11
" county orders redeemed (1885)	24499 59
" " No 739 ('84)	2360 00
" amt due from collectors	12752 40
" commission to Treasurer	1079 98
" amt to meet State quota	47 71
" bal in hands of Treasurer	72 94
	$ 42731 72

PETER A EVANS in account with dog fund, January 5, '85.

To amt due at last settlement	$ 1575 76
" " assessed in '85	1576 00
	$ 3151 76

CR.

Districts.	Com.	Ex.	Districts.	Com.	Ex.
Beaver	$ 3 70	$ 9 50	Locust	$ 5 62	$ 10 01
Frank ln	2 02		Madison	3 45	4 50
Roaringcreek	2 00	50	Main	2 20	1 50
	1884.		Mifflin	2 40	2 50
Beaver	4 47	4 50	Montour	1 93	2 50
Benton	7 62	1 50	Mt Pleasant	2 67	5 00
Berwick	2 25	5 50	Orange	2 62	50
Briarcreek	3 62	4 00	Pine	2 72	2 00
Catawissa	3 92	4 00	Scott	3 45	4 50
Center	3 64	6 00	Sugarloaf	3 93	1 00
Conyngham	00		1882 and 1883.		
Fishingcreek	4 07	1 50	Benton, '82	3 65	1 50
Greenwood	4 95	5 00	Centralia, '83	03	
Hemlock	1 95	1 50	Centre	3 57	5 50
				$ 77 17	$ 83 01

By commission to collectors	$ 77 17
" exonerations allowed collectors	83 01
" orders paid for '85	5477 73
" amt paid to county	841 98
" due from collectors	1574 50
" commission to Treasurer	27 36
	$ 8181 76

P A EVANS, Treas., in account with State fund.

DR.

To State tax assessed in '85	$ 701 98
" amt paid to meet State quota from Co funds	47 71
	$ 749 69

CR.

By commission on duplicates settled for '85.

Districts.	Com.	Districts.	Com.
Beaver	$ 63	Hemlock	$ 47
Benton	48	Jackson	22
Berwick	3 54	Locust	1 31
Bloom	7 61	Madison	83
Briarcreek	99	Main	1 39
Catawissa	3 07	Mifflin	1 85
Centralia	94	Montour	76
Centre	1 46	Mt Pleasant	99
Conyngham	08	Orange	1 28
Fishingcreek	1 33	Pine	16
Franklin	45	Roaringcreek	97
Greenwood	1 98	Scott	4 22
			$ 35 05

By commission to collectors	$ 33 05
" amt paid State quota for '85	707 49
" commission to Treasurer	7 15
	$ 749 69

COMMISSIONERS' EXPENSES,

For which orders were issued on the Treasurer.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

G W Sterner recording Treas. and com's bonds	$ 20 80
George W Sterner, expressage	35
Guy Jacoby auditing public accounts	50 00
Moyer Bros expressage	2 35
A M Johnson State tax over paid on bonds	9 99
W C McKinney expressage	3 30
J S Grimes bill for teachers institute	197 50
W H Snyder recding names of twp off.	36 60
Freas Brow's insurance on old jail	25 50
Thomas Gorrey repairing old jail	11 50
F W Redeker autopsy on B Handsworth	5 00
John Mourey taking B Albertson to asylum	6 60
R R Little costs in equity case	19 60
Jonas Kline repairs at old jail	1 66
Guy Jacoby, costs in case of Mourey vs county	24 64
Creasy & Wells, lumber, old jail	7 35
John Mourey, taking A Peterman to Phil a	50 00
Guy Jacoby, acknowledging Commissioners' deeds	18 75
Wm H Snyder, Prothonotary bill	35 62
John M Clark, costs in case of Seward vs county	1 40
Dilly Coffman, repairs old jail	2 60
State tax refunded to A M Johnson on unpaid interest	9 99
Jonas Kline, rent, old jail	61 00
Daniel Laubach	28 75
Abraham Strausser, surplus money on Elias Krum tract	83
Z R Shultz, wash stand	1 00
Wm Geiger, deed held by Commissioners redeemed	12 60
Isaac Henry's Est., deed held by Commissioners redeemed	7 24
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Roaringc'k	20 03	1 20	Madison	49 91	18 07
	1884		Main	30 53	4 75
Beaver	29 67	41 78	Mifflin	53 33	4 80
Benton	41 46	4 90	Montour	40

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY, 12, 1886.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:36 a. m.	11:49 a. m.
3:42 p. m.	6:18 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:21 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
10:21 a. m.	11:44 a. m.
2:20 p. m.	4:34 p. m.
6:26 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:52 a. m.	12:05 p. m.
6:37 p. m.	4:15 p. m.

SUNDAY.

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:14 a m	6:48 p m

PUBLIC SALES.

Mary Smith will sell personal property on the premises of Aaron Smith in Hemlock township on Thursday, Feb. 18, at 10 a. m.

George W. Farver, executor of George Farver, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on premises in Jackson township, on Saturday, February 20, 1886, commencing at 2 o'clock p. m. See advertisement.

Stephen Pohe will sell valuable personal property on his farm in Centre township Thursday, March 4, 1886, commencing at 9 o'clock. Several head of horses and cattle, also chickens, farming utensils, &c.

Personal.

Mr. A. M. Dewitt, of Orangeville, was in town on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Brugler, of Missouri, are visiting relatives here.

Mr. William Lamon, of Berwick, was a witness in court on Tuesday.

Dr. W. H. Bradley, of the Philadelphia *Press*, spent a few days in town last week.

Mr. H. B. Low, the extensive lumber dealer of Orangeville, was on the jury this week.

Mr. R. C. Neal and family went to Tyrone on Tuesday, where they will spend several weeks.

Mr. Enos Jacoby was down town on Monday, and his oyster bay and fish stall are now in operation again.

S. Pierce Hagenbuch, manager of the Orangeville hotel, was in town on Tuesday and took up the license that was granted last week.

Mr. Jacob H. Fritz and Mr. John G. Laubach were in town on Wednesday. They are among the representative men of Sugarloaf.

J. M. C. Ranck, Esq., of Lightstreet, was in town on Saturday, and shows the marks of his recent illness. He is gradually recovering his strength.

Mr. I. K. Dildine, of Wellversville, was in town on Monday for the first time in seven weeks, having been confined to the house by illness. We are pleased to see him out again.

James W. Kelchner, of Fowlersville, started on Tuesday with his family, for Holten, Kansas, where he will make his home hereafter. He is a good citizen and we wish him abundant success in his new abode.

Township elections next Tuesday.

Valentines at George A. Clark's Bookstore.

Several communications are crowded out this week.

Reuben Belles, of Orangeville, broke his leg last Friday.

King's patent combination spectacles at G. A. Clark's bookstore. 4t.

Lawrence sold 25 lemons or oranges for 25 cents on Tuesday. Cheaper than apples.

Mr. John H. Brugler, of Danville, has sold his marble works at that place to David Rogers.

For Sale.—A cheap and good buggy, only $20. Inquire of A. H. Corell, Printer, Bloomsburg, Pa.

There will be a dance at the rink on next Thursday evening, 18th inst. Music by Metherell's orchestra.

M'Killip's instantaneous process. Best for baby pictures, landscapes, machinery &c. Best work always.

It is reported that T. J. Vanderslice had 18 calves frozen to death during the recent cold weather in Kansas.

The Catawissa *News Item* is as bright in appearance with its new dress, as it is in its editorial management.

All jurors were discharged on Tuesday noon, all the cases on the trial list having been tried, settled or continued.

President Magill's lecture has been delivered in Philadelphia, and all who go to hear him on the 17th will be repaid.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.—An established business with goodwill, stock and fixtures for sale. [2t] BILLMEYER & Co.

Mr. Levi Fry has started a knitting manufactory at Orangeville. He is prepared to do custom and general mercantile work.

David Winner has bought the meat market of J. S. Reitz, corner of Main and Market street. He took possession Monday.

Dr. Snattuck, at the Sanitarium, wishes to exchange two cows, one will be fresh soon, for one fresh cow—Alderney or half Jersey.

A Democratic Caucus will be held in Brower's Hall on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock to nominate candidates for town officers.

B. Stohner is now running his place of business on the European plan. Meals served at any time. Boarding can also be obtained. 2t

E. M. Kester broke ground for a new house on Third street, below the Fair ground entrance, on Tuesday. He will put up a nice residence.

Friendship Fire Company will hold their 19th annual ball in their hall in Browers building on the evening of February 22d. Good music will be present.

Edward H Magill, President of Swarthmore College, will lecture in Normal Hall on Wednesday evening the 17th inst. Admission free. The public is invited.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Tax Collector for the several districts of the town of Bloomsburg.

J. F. CALDWELL.

Henry Keller ran to Danville last Saturday in 1 hour, 27½ minutes, and back in 2 hours. He bet his overcoat against $10, that he could make the distance in 5 hours, and won.

There will be a fine entertainment at the Rink next Monday night, consisting of a parlor circus and exhibition of trained animals. Go and see it. Skating before and after performance.

L. Bernard has a fine stock of watches, jewelry and silverware. Only first class goods at low prices all goods warranted as represented. dec 11-tf

Get your sale bills at the COLUMBIAN office where you can get the best job for the least money. They can be ordered by mail by sending us the names, list of articles and time and place of sale. tf

Mayor Brodrick of Wilkesbarre died at his home on Sunday evening, after an illness of a week. He was an estimable gentleman, and considered one of the best authorities on coal, in the state.

LOST.—A light overcoat was lost Friday evening of last week, between Bloomsburg and Berwick, along the public road. The finder will please return the same to this office and suitable reward will be given.

FOR SALE, lease or exchange an established manufacturing business with a comfortable home near by. Two railroads. Terms easy. Address, STEAM POWER. Bloomsburg, P. O. jan. 1, 4t eow.

Mr. J. H. McDevitt of Sunbury who was elected a member of the Executive Committe of the Democratic State committee last month, is an active democrat, and his selection gave great satisfaction in his county.

St. Valentine's day falls on Sunday, the 14th, so that the sending of the messengers of love may be done either the day before or after. Some very pretty designs in valentines are on sale, and tastes of all kinds can be gratified.

The saw mill of Clinton Lewis, on Little Fishingcreek, in Jackson township, was destroyed by the bursting of the boiler on Monday afternoon, and the fireman named Cole, had his leg broken above the knee, and was badly scalded.

The boys have the racing mania now. Masters Boyd Robison and —— Moyer ran to Espy last Saturday and back, in an hour and a half. Masters David Pennman and Harry Rinker took in Rupert and reached home in 58 minutes.

Capt. Moore's father, and other prominent members of the Salvation Army were in attendance at the meetings here on Saturday and Sunday. Several cornet players helped to enliven the music. The meetings were largely attended.

There will be quarterly meeting and communion in the Evangelical church on next Sabbath. Preaching on Saturday evening, Sunday morning and evening, by Rev. S. W. Seibert, P. E. The meeting will be continued during next week.

The race announced for last Thursday night between "Wild Bill" and Harry Faux did not come off as it is said Faux was afraid to enter the contest. "Wild Bill" is ready to run him any time, he says, and will put up a forfeit whenever Faux wants to run.

Will Fornwald has opened a new barber shop over Billmeyer's grocery, and has fitted it up with handsome new furniture, mirrors, &c. This makes five tonsorial rooms in Bloomsburg, and that portion of the public that wishes to be shaved will have no difficulty in being accommodated.

The Sunday School Association of Orange township, will meet in the Union church at Orangeville on Saturday, February 20, at 10 a. m. The Sunday School Association of Fishingcreek township will meet in the Christian church at Stillwater on Saturday, February 27, at 10 a. m. All are invited to attend the same.

Bessie Kressler, the only daughter of Alonzo Kressler, died on Thursday last of typhoid pneumonia. She had about recovered from the measles, and took cold when typhoid pneumonia set in, and death followed in a short time. She was almost eleven years. Her mother, Mrs. Kressler, was buried just six months previous.

The firm of Coxe Bros. & Co., of Drifton, have notified the residents and property owners residing on their leased land on the Beaver Meadow tract that on and after April 1, 1886, no intoxicating beverages can be sold. No saloons, hotels, or unlicensed places where liquor is offered for sale will be tolerated. All persons who fail to comply with the notice will be summarily ejected from the premises.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg for week ending Feb. 9, 1886:

Mrs. Daniel Bartol, Mary Beider, Mr. Johnney Cox, Miss Marrie Evans, Mrs. Sarah E. Learch, Miss Susan F. Maust, Mr. John Robinson, Mr. W. Yeager.

Persons calling for these letters will please say "advertised."

GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

At a caucus held last Saturday night the Republicans of this town nominated Richard Stiles for Tax Collector. The Democrats should nominate a thoroughly responsible man for the office, and turn in and elect him. Don't suffer defeat by foolishly voting for independent candidates, if there are any. It is very important to the Democrats to have one of their party for Tax Collector, so that delinquents may be looked after and no votes lost for non-payment of taxes.

The residences of Judge Rice and Gen. McCartney at Wilkes-Barre were destroyed by fire last Friday afternoon. The building was a double house belonging to Cnas. A. Miner, and the fire started on Gen. McCartney's side from the explosion of a furnace in the cellar. McCartney lost everything, having no insurance on his furniture, and nearly $1,200 in money which was in the house. Judge Rice saved some of his household effects and had some insurance.

William Lovell who pleaded guilty of selling liquor without a license and was sentenced to pay a fine of $200 and costs, has been lying in jail ever since, as he is unable to pay anything. He is sick, suffering from hemorrhages, and not likely to recover. On this ground William Bryson Esq. made an effort for his discharge on Wednesday but it was refused on the ground that there is no law providing for a discharge in such case, and in this instance the family of the prisoner is very poor, and it was thought he would receive better care in jail than at home.

Frank Kesty, the youngest son of J. H. Kesty died on Saturday last. On Sunday evening, January 17th after being out to church, he went to bed, apparently in his usual health. When his mother was about to retire she noticed that Frank was not well and upon closer examination found him in convulsions. He seemed to have recovered from this shortly, but about the middle of the following week, his right side became paralyzed, and at intervals he was thrown into convulsions until the time of his death, on Saturday. The funeral services were held at two o'clock Monday. The infant department of the Lutheran Sunday School, of which he was a member, attended in a body. He was about seven years of age. The cause of death is supposed to have been from an affection of the heart.

Election tickets, on good paper, for 25 cents a hundred at this office. Special tickets, with names printed in, 50 cents a hundred. Address the COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa. tf

Court Proceedings.

Com. vs. E. Albertson, assault and battery. Nol. pros. entered.

Com. vs. Calvin Grover. Defendant pleads guilty of fornication. Sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. Charles R. Holland, larceny. Case tried. Verdict, not guilty.

Com. vs. S. B. Yeager, larceny. Not a true bill.

Petition of Elimandus Kunkel for adoption of Mary Alva Pealer. Decree made.

Com. vs. Oscar E. Sutton. Recognizance forfeited.

Inquest on body of Lewis F. Getkin approved.

On petition H. W. Sloan appointed guardian of Patrick Riley.

Sheriff acknowledged deed in open court to Deborah J. McKelvy for property in Catawissa.

Grand jury report against the incorporation of Espy as a borough.

Grand jury's report filed, as follows:

The grand inquest of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania inquiring in and for the body of said county, respectfully report: That we have, pursuant to our required duties, investigated all bills of indictment presented for our consideration and have passed upon them according to their respective merits. We have also examined the public buildings and find them in good repairs, with the exception of the kitchen floor in the prison building and the fence around the Court house yard, both of which need some repairs. We recommend that the County Commissioners be instructed to purchase carpet for the parlor and the necessary globes for lamps in the dwelling apartment of the prison. We also recommend that the Commissioners instruct the janitor to empty the spittoons on the ash heap.

EZEKIEL FRITZ, Foreman.

William Bowers, a witness in case of Holland, being intoxicated in Court, was placed in the custody of the Sheriff for safe keeping.

Com. vs. Charles R. Holland, defendant discharged under two term rule.

John A. Dildine, appointed guardian of John, Harman, Arthur, Luther and Elizabeth Kline, minor children of Joseph Kline.

E. L. Adams vs. Philip Sponey. Settled by agreement.

P. K. Vannatta vs Joseph and Solomon Faust, Case tried. Verdict for plaintiff for $330.26.

Thos. E. Geddes vs. Joseph Faust et al. Verdict for plaintiff for $356.41.

Mary C. Sheatler vs. William Savidge. Case tried. Verdict for defendant, by consent of counsel, for one platform spring wagon, one two-horse wagon, one reaper, and one-half interest in grain drill.

On motion of Col. Freeze, W. F. Derr, Esq., of Northumberland county, admitted to practice in this county.

Franklin Yocum appointed guardian of Nora Levan, minor child of Lucy Levan, deceased.

Susanna Artley vs. Jacob F. Artley. Subpœna in divorce awarded.

Auditor's report on exceptions to account of J. W. Reese, guardian of Laura M. Parker, confirmed nisi.

Adams & Son vs. F. Evans, trustee. Case tried. Verdict for defendant.

Adjourned court ordered for March 15th. The usual orders for venires were made.

J. B. Robison, Esq., continued as auditor in assigned estate of C. B. Brockway, to file his report March 15th.

Order of sale continued in estate of Jane McMichael, deceased.

Order of sale made in estate of Aaron Nuss, deceased.

E. R. Ikeler Esq. appointed auditor to make distribution in estate of Hannah Lake, deceased.

L. E. Waller Esq. appointed auditor to make distribution in estate of Samuel Harrison, deceased.

W. H. Rhawn Esq. continued as auditor in estate of Joseph Hess, to report next term.

F. P. Billmeyer Esq. appointed auditor to make distribution in estates of Samuel Seibert and Susan Seibert deceased.

A. L. Fritz Esq. appointed auditor to make distribution in estate of Nancy Kahler deceased.

Gold spectacles at George A. Clark's bookstore. 4t.

Centre.

Notably, the event of the season was the marriage of Miss Lizzie Creasy of Centre on Thursday Feb. 4th. and T. D. Strauss, of Lime Ridge. The wedding took place at the residence of the bride's parents, Philip and Rachel Creasy, in the presence of quite a large assemblage of invited guests.

The groom was attended by Samuel Dreifuse of Milton and the bride by her brother Charles Creasy.

The marriage was performed by Rev. E. A. Sharrets. Miss Laura Nuss presided at the organ.

After the marriage ceremony, and the hearty congratulations of the company had been extended, an invitation was given to the spacious dining room, where the table was spread, and such a table! don't talk of hard times to the Centre folks, they won't understand you; well, that table was loaded with such food, substantial and delicate, as would satisfy the wants of the most capricious as well as the most healthy appetite.

I am told that eighty guests enjoyed the pleasure of indulging in Mrs. Creasy's exquisite bill of fare.

To give you a description of the beautiful toilets of the ladies is a task beyond my power, and I will not make the attempt: it way not be amiss to say however that they were appropriately and tastefully attired.

The presents to the bride were both useful and beautiful, including table cloths, towels, counter-pane, a beautiful lambrequin, pair damask curtains, silverware, glassware; gifts from Waterloo N. Y. Shenandoah, Milton, Lumestone, Wilkesbarre and Bloom, for the parlor and kitchen, the sitting room and chamber, altogether the display was pleasing to look upon.

There were quite a number of guests from abroad, including Daniel Fisher of Milton, Mrs. Kramer, Mr. and Mrs. Wilcox of Limestone, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Wilson of Bloom, Charley and William Neyhard of Wilkesbarre and Mr. L. J. Vanderslice of Milan, Ill. Certainly the occasion was a happy one. In the evening Mr. and Mrs. S. took the train for Shamokin. A GUEST.

Experience vs. Inexperience.

It is a matter of regret that in introducing Hood's Sarsaparilla, its proprietors are obliged to overcome a certain distrust by some people who have unfortunately bought worthless compounds mixed by persons ignorant of pharmacy. Messrs. C. I. Hood & Co. are reliable pharmacists of long experience and they make no claims for Hood's Sarsaparilla which cannot be substantiated by the strongest proof. And we say to those who lack confidence, read the unsolicited testimonials in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and then prove its merits by actual personal test. We are confident you will not be disappointed, but will find it a medicine of great value, which it can be implicitly relied upon. 100 doses $1.

Holland's Case.

THE LAW OF DETECTIVES.

The trial of Charles R. Holland, who was indicted for the larceny of J. A. Shuman's meat, ended last Saturday morning in a verdict of not guilty. Speeches were made to the jury on Friday by Messrs Ikeler, Barkley, Freeze and Little, and the charge of the Court was delivered in the evening, and the jury went out about 8 o'clock, with instruction to bring in a sealed verdict in the morning, if they agreed.

In the charge to the jury Judge Elwell discussed the law as applicable to detectives as follows:

"What is a detective? It is not necessary that he should be a person appointed under statute law. It is not necessary that he should be an official with a commission, from the executive, nor that he should be charged with the duty of a detective by any body, if of men organized for that purpose. If there are depredations being committed in any neighborhood, the society, the persons there, have the right to employ one specially to look after their interests, and to detect and expose the crimes that are committed.

A detective is not bound to be himself a prosecutor; that is not implied by the term, the name, that he has. He is to detect, so that those who are interested may, by the clues that he furnishes, proceed with the prosecution, if they choose. In a community remote from town and having no commissioned detective, if the citizens had not the right to employ some person in their behalf, the whole neighborhood would be obliged, in order to protect their property, to turn out and be detectives for themselves. No one can doubt that every man has the right to protect his own. It is one of the first laws of nature that every man has the right to protect his person (defend himself from assault) and his property, and to guard both; and what a man may do himself, he may depute another to do for him, and when that other is deputed he has all the rights that his principal would have. By the decisions of the highest tribunal of this commonwealth, where it becomes necessary to break up a combination of criminals, a detective may assume himself the role of a thief, he may dress in the garb of a thief, he may mix with thieves, he may participate with them in all their adventures (except as I will presently mention); nay more, where there are reasonable grounds to believe that persons are members of a gang of thieves he may counsel and encourage the commission of crime; if he intended to have the perpetrators arrested and punished for the purpose of ferreting out and exposing and bringing criminals to punishment, he is not an accessory in the eye of the law so long as he honorably carries out the purpose for which he was appointed, although he may have encouraged and counselled others who were about to commit the crime if, in so doing, his intention was that they should be discovered, arrested and punished.

Where there are men banded together to commit crime, there is no more effective way to break up their organization than for some person acting as a detective to become one of their number and thus to gain their confidence and become possessed of their secrets. But all this must be honestly done. Report must be made to those who are interested of all discovered facts, in order that they may, if they see fit, prosecute the offenders. But if, under color of being a detective, he participates in the perpetration of a larceny or other crime, not with a view to bring criminals to justice, but purely to reap the fruits of his other villainy, he is doubly guilty, and deserves the severest punishment for the crime he has committed and the betrayal of his trust."

The jury were out only about an hour before they agreed, and it is said that they stood 9 for acquittal and three for conviction on the first ballot. After the verdict District Attorney Billmeyer stated that Holland was indicted for stealing the same meat from another party, and as it would depend upon the same evidence on which he had already been acquitted, he moved for a nol. pros. and the prisoner was discharged.

Valentines at George A. Clark's Bookstore.

A Mysterious Murder Near Mahanoy City.

Two young Frenchmen named Nicholas and Fracois Mayer have for a year past occupied a little cabin in the woods two miles east of Mahanoy City, and were engaged in making pulleys for the collieries in the neighborhood. Six weeks ago they fell out and in the course of the altercation Nick drew his revolver and shot Frantz in the back, inflicting what was for a week or more regarded as a fatal wound. The injured man went to the Miners' hospital and week before last was discharged. His wound having healed sufficiently to permit him to be marked cured. On Saturday morning some workmen passing the cabin the two brothers occupied, peeped in through the open window and were horrified on seeing the mutilated remains of Nick Mayer stretched on his bed near the window. A gash across his forehead told plainly of the manner of his death.

Without making an examination the men who made the discovery reported the facts to the Deputy Coroner. He found that Nick Mayer had not only been shot through the heart but his throat cut and his face shockingly mutilated. By the side of the bed, in which the stiffly-frozen remains reposed, lay a dog with his throat cut. The facts of the shooting in December recurred to the Coroner, and he had Franz Mayer taken into custody. The prisoner cannot speak a word of English. Through an interpreter he said he had not seen his brother since he left for the hospital. He had not, he said, been to the cabin.

Franz has friends who do not believe in his guilt. Their theory is that the murder was committed by a tramp who knew of Nick's hoarded gold. The ferocity exhibited by the three dogs kept in the place when strangers came about and the fact that Nick was killed while asleep in bed rebut this theory. The District Attorney and Coroner recommended the inquest to return a verdict of death at the hands of an unknown person. The Coroner gives it as his opinion that the killing was done at least a month ago, though one witness at the inquest saw a man approaching the house on Tuesday of last week and another heard some one inside chopping on Sunday, the 24th ultimo. All the evidence is so contradictory that the authorities have decided to await further developments and meanwhile keep Franz Meyer under surveillance.

Dedication of an Organ.

On Friday morning, February 5, the Lutheran and Reformed congregations assembled in the Briarcreek church to attend the dedication of their fine Waterloo chapel organ. The services throughout were solemn and impressive. The sermon was preach by Rev. A. Houtz and the dedicatorial service performed by Rev. German.

I could not attend to business from catarrh. My eyes were affected. My appetite was gone. I began using Keller's Catarrh Remedy. Four bottles cured me. W. MYTINGER, Williamsport, Pa.

Council Proceedings.

Regular monthly meeting of council was held on 5th inst. present the President L. B. Rupert, and Messrs. Moyer, Sharpless, Sterner and Sterling members. Minutes of Dec. 11th, Jan. 8th and 21st read and approved. Messrs. Rupert and Neyhard of the committee on right of way for, and contributions to the pipe drain from a point at or near Hoyt line and Lockard's works to canal report progress. Bill of $6.47 presented by D. Hall for balance due on sewer; referred to committee. Monthly report of Commissioner of streets read and approved and orders drawn for same. The report showed that snow had been cleaned from the sidewalks of sundry persons. On motion it was resolved that the President of council be hereby authorized to collect all unpaid bills now owing by sundry persons to the town, after 10 days notice. President reports that on the 21st of December he presided at an election of fire department and the following persons were elected; Chief Engineer, W. Clark Sloan, First Assistant, Charles Yost, Second Assistant, William Stiner.

SPECIAL MEETING FEB. 9

All present except Mr. Hagenbuch. The President stated the object of the meeting to be to take action with reference to delinquent tax collectors, and also with reference to road from Port Noble to river, the same having been returned to court as out of repair. The following resolution was adopted; Resolved that the town solicitor notify Newton Boone to settle his duplicates for 1883 and 1884 within 30 days from notice.

Also the following: Resolved that David Winner, collector for 1885 be notified by the secretary that it is the desire of the council that his duplicates be collected as soon as possible, and the council hereby authorizes him to proceed at once to collect and pay over the same.

The public road was next considered, and on motion it was ordered that the President appoint a committee of three of which he shall be one, to examine said road. Messrs. Rosenstock and Moyer were appointed.

East Benton.

Elias Shultz, of Benton township, killed a hog recently that netted 498 pounds. Our genial widower felt like boasting and insinuated that it would be a good item for the COLUMBIAN.

For many years our people have been more or less excited over railroad enterprises. And strange to say that their fear is, that we either get too many railroads or none. There have been several charters granted and surveys made through and across our valley, and there are more in contemplation. The Hunlock creek and Muncy, the Up Creek branch of the North and West branch and the Millville Railroads, are imaginary realities and have a mystical existence, but as yet the snorting iron horses and long trains of cars thundering up, down and across the valley, do not disturb the sleep of any one. We have become almost sceptical, and our faith needs strengthening by something more than windwork. No company will build a railroad merely to please and gratify the people, but if it can be shown that companies will be materially benefitted they will build railroads regardless of the people, whether it pleases or benefits them or not. However, we hope they will build—the more railroads the better.

We do not like to say anything about it, but if we do not some one else will. The Winter at this place is occupied much of the time in fishing. Last Thursday a week four of us captured 41 fine fellows. But, on an average, we get about one a day. It is most always fisherman's luck.

Harman L. Stine, who had his leg broken about 8 weeks ago, is hobbling now on crutches.

Mrs. Benjamin Rozell is very poorly and living with her son-in-law, Bowman G. Kase. Her jaws were said to be locked with her mouth open.

Lightstreet.

Services were not held in the Evangelical church on Saturday evening on account of protracted services at Afton where Rev. Buck is having quite a revival.

Samuel Johnson who has been a resident of this place for a number of years, moved to Berwick on Thursday last.

Mr. Byron and Miss Clara Merrill of Greenwood spent Sunday with George Grimes and family.

Jacob Melick of Muncy spent a few days in town the past week.

Dr. Montgomery from Buckhorn in company with Chas Harris were in town on Saturday looking after a driving horse.

C. B. Ent is till doing business in the stove line.

From reports sleighing with us is not as good as in other places.

Mrs. John Wanich spent a few days with Wilson Wanich's at Afton.

On Saturday last our Methodist Sunday School were given a sleighride to Espy and Bloomsburg.

We now have upon us again the fruit of a review on a road leading from the Espy depot to a main road through Elias Krum's farm, by said viewers granting a road. In traveling over the ground of this road there is one thing that the viewers did not see. That is the ground, especially by the bog, that is from 20 to 30 rods wide, it being next the lowest point in said road and where it is seldom dry enough to cross without getting your feet wet only in Winter. As for easiness in travel the ascent point will be about five hundred feet to the mile, thus making it no easier than the old road, which is a good one.

Mrs. Jacob Melick is on the sick list.

Ice, taken from the creek the past week, measured twenty-two inches.

Buckhorn.

Our people are restling with measles, colds, sore throats and rheumatism.

Diseases come and go and so do sleighriders. Last Thursday night a load from Mordansville stopped with Geo. Beagle, Jr. On the same evening Charles Shaffer took a load to Lightstreet. Both parties report a good time.

Miss Tubbs opened school on Monday. She closed one week for the measles.

Another wedding will soon be one of the town talks. I will tell you sometime whom it is.

On the evening of the 1st inst. the members of the M. E. church gave their pastor a surprise donation.

The Reformed Mite Society, of Bloomsburg, spent an evening of last week with Aaron Nuss.

Mr. Harry Ohl, of Hazleton, is visiting relatives of this place.

Ulric Zwingli fits Mr. East Benton's puzzle.

If sleighing lasts, a load of our young folks intend paying C. H. Moore, of Van Camp, a visit this Saturday.

The coming election bids fair for a quiet one. No name announced for Collector of Taxes.

P. A. Stroup, of Sullivan, was home for a few days. He returned on Tuesday.

According to Mr. Raccoon we are to have six weeks Winter yet. Possibly, he and Mr. Musk-rat are chums.

Roaringcreek.

Almost like spring this Tuesday morning.

Geo. W. Carl moved to this village the other day.

Adjourned quarterly Conference at the Slabtown M. E. Parsonage Mch. 4.

Albert Noagle, wheelright of Nescopeck will move to this place the first of April.

Don't forget to send your friend a valentine the 14th.

Charles Wagener of the eastern part of this township is making preparations to build a new barn.

Rev. Hamlin is again able to be about, will likely begin a revival meeting at Trinity the latter part of the week.

A fire was discovered beneath the plank of the floor of D. Houck's blacksmith shop one day last week but by the timely application of a few pails full of water it was extinguished with but little damage.

Death. On last Friday night, Reuben Leiby, aged 44 years, 9 months and 6 days. Deceased was buried in the Union cemetery at Numidia yesterday where his remains was followed by numerous friends and neighbors. A wife and nine children mourn his loss; they have the sympathy of all who knew him.

A Railroad Meeting.

The Milton and North Mountain Railroad company called a meeting at Jerseytown Thursday evening, February 4, for the purpose of taking subscriptions for the line of railroad leading from Milton to Shickshinny, by way of Washingtonville, Jerseytown and Millville. The meeting being called to order and the supposed object of the meeting being stated by Dr. T. J. Swisher, President of meeting, the audience was addressed by T. S. Moorehead, chief engineer, J. M. Caldwell, treasurer of the company and others. There were quite a number of subscriptions taken, and it is to be hoped that Jerseytown will raise her quota towards securing the railroad facilities, which the people of northern Columbia county have for so many years been greatly in need of. S. M. R., Secretary.

A local institute will be held at Canby, Feb. 13th, Catawissa Feb. 20th, Orangeville Feb. 27th.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites

Especially Desirable for Children.

A lady physician at the Chil'd's Hospital, at Albany, N. Y., says: "We have been using Scott's Emulsion with great success, nearly all our patients are suffering from bone diseases and our physicians find it very beneficial."

The only reliable catarrh remedy on the market to-day is Ely's Cream Balm, being free from poisonous drugs and offensive odors. It has cured thousands of acute and chronic cases where all other remedies have failed. It quickly cures cold in the head and catarrhal headache. Price, 50cts.

It will pay all our readers to peruse very carefully the article elsewhere copied from the *Scientific American*, addressed to that dispassionate paper, and reproduced herein because it is of very great value to everyone, containing some important scientific facts very plainly put.

MARRIAGES.

KILE — BENJAMIN. — On Thursday, January 7, 1886, by Rev. J. P. Tustin, Mr. Samuel Kile to Miss Maggie Benjamin, both of Sugarloaf township, Columbia county.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Where did you get that good sausage? At Winner's meat market.

The time of year to purchase muslins is here. I. W. Hartman & Sons have a big pile, cheap.

If you want good scrapple, go to D. Winner's shop, on corner of Main and Market streets.

Want 100 teams to haul bark now, to be unloaded in the cars at the railroad. Also, potatoes, turkeys, chickens, geese, ducks, pigeons, thrifty, white, clean shotes, that weigh from 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, to 75 pounds. Butter, eggs, nice green apples, cloverseed and orions, at Lightstreet. [2½m.] SILAS YOUNG.

The $1000 worth of Hamburg embroideries are all in now at I. W. Hartman & Son's, call and examine.

Go to David Winner's butcher shop for nice steaks.

The new spring cloths for dresses are coming in at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

If you want nice bologna, go to Winner's on the corner of Main and Market streets.

The spring opening of ginghams and seersuckers at I. W. Hartman & Sons.

Where did you get that good roast? At David Winner's.

I. W. Hartman & Son are the first in market with spring percales, sateens &c, &c.

Where were you? At Winner's butcher shop, to see how nice he has it.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

All persons are hereby notified that any persons buying Conyngham township orders will purchase the same subject to any equities that may exist as to the taxpayers.

That the Taxpayers Association are willing to make all roads, keep in repair all roads and bridges free of expense to individual taxpayers for the year 1885, and subject to the direction of the Supervisors of said township and as there is no legal tax levied for the year, and all legitimate expenses of the Road Department are being paid, there is no necessity for any orders being issued.

All orders require the signatures of both Supervisors of the Township Clerk and should bear the seal of the township.

The above notice is being given so that all persons can govern themselves accordingly. S. M. RILEY, Agent for Taxpayer's Association. Ashland, Pa., Nov. 27, '85.-tf.

There! you old cobe, why didn't you go to Winner's meat market, then you would get good, fresh meat.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

If a well be poisoned, woe be to those who drink thereat. It is worse to poison the fountain of life, for one's self, and for posterity. Often by carelessness, or misfortune, or inheritance, this has been done. Ayer's Sarsaparilla frees the blood, the vital stream, and restores appetite, strength and health.

C. A. Roberts, of East Wilson, N.Y., had 13 scrofulous ulcers on his face and neck. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured him.

S. B. Darfey, mate of steamer Arizona, had his foot badly jammed. Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured it. Nothing equal to it for a quick pain reliever.

"Why should not the time come when the name of Dr. David Kennedy shall be associated in the public mind with the purification of the blood, as the name of Harvey now is with its circulation. For certainly no other medical man has done as much to that end as he has. And it is also important that people should know that the result of his labors are within reach of all in the form of Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy."—*Evening Journal.* [f-12-4t.

CATARRH

Is a very prevalent and exceedingly disagreeable disease, liable, if neglected, to develop into serious consumption. Being a constitutional disease, it requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, acting through the blood, reaches every part of the system, effecting a radical and permanent cure of catarrh in even its most severe forms. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters—a medicine that expels disease without weakening the patient, exhilarates the spirits without the aid of alcoholic poison—cures every phase and consequence of indigestion, restores the shattered nerves, regulates the bowels and the liver, and imparts to the constitution new strength and elasticity. Let the sick rejoice!

Of course when a man is sound and well he don't care a copper for all the medicine on the face of the earth. He has no use for it. But when disease is eating his life out he wants the right prescription and he wants it right away. For that reason all who know what Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is turn to that for help and it never disappoints them. And it is just as beneficial to new friends as it is to old ones. Pleasant to the palate and gentle in its action. [feb.12-4t.

Croup need never be feared when you have a bottle of Dr. Hand's Cough and Croup medicine on the mantel of your bedroom. Being the only medicine of the kind especially for children you should use no other. 25 cents.

You who lead sedentary lives will find great relief from constipation, headache and nervousness, by taking Simmons Liver Regulator. It is a simple, harmless, vegetable compound, sure to relieve you, and can do no injury. Persons of sedentary habits often suffer with kidney affections. If they would maintain the strength of the digestive organs and improve the quality of the blood by taking the Regulator it would restore the kidneys to health and vigor.

It is worth remembering that nobody enjoys the nicest surroundings if in bad health. There are miserable people about to-day with one foot in the grave, to whom a bottle of Parker's Tonic would do more good than all the doctors and medicines they have ever used. [feb12t4t.

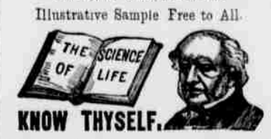
Never out of place: Hop Plasters for sudden pains, weaknesses and strains. Always sure. 25c.

You are not old, your hair is getting thin. Your friends remark it, your wife regrets it. Parker's Hair Balsam will stop this waste, save your hair and restore the original gloss and color. Exceptionally clean, prevents dandruff, a perfect dressing. [feb

A STANDARD MEDICAL WORK FOR YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

ONLY $1 BY MAIL, POSTPAID.

Illustrative Sample Free to All.



A Great Medical work on Manhood

Exhausted vitality, nervous and physical debility, premature decline in man, errors of youth, and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretion or excesses. A book for every man, young, middle-aged and old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all acute and chronic diseases, each one of which is invaluable. So found by the author, whose experience for 25 years is such as probably never before fell to the lot of any physician. 300 pages, bound in beautiful French muslin, embossed covers, full gilt, guaranteed to be a finer work in every sense than any other work sold in this country for $2.50, or the money will be refunded in every instance. Price only $1.00 by mail, post-paid. Illustrative sample sent free to any body. Send now. Gold medal awarded the author by the National Medical Association, to the President of which, the Hon. P. A. Bissel, and associate officers of the Board, the reader is respectfully referred.

The science of life is worth more to the young and middle-aged men of this generation than all the gold mines of California and the silver mines of Nevada combined.—*S. F. Chronicle.*

The Science of life points out the rocks and quicksands on which the constitution and hopes of many a young man have been fatally wrecked.—*Manchester Mirror.*

The science of life is of greater value than all the medical works published in this country for the past 50 years.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

The science of life is a superb and masterly treatise on nervous and physical debility.—*Detroit Free Press.*

There is no member of society to whom the Science of Life will not be useful, whether youth, parent, guardian, instructor or clergyman.—*Argonaut.*

Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch street, Boston, Mass, who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate diseases that have baffled all other physicians a specialty. Such treated successfully without an instance of failure. Mention THE COLUMBIAN. [feb.6,1y.

A BIG OFFER. To introduce them we will GIVE AWAY 1,000 self-operating washing machines. If you want one send us your name, P. O. and express office at once. THE NATIONAL CO., 21 Dey St., N. Y. [feb.12-4t-r.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Esau Girton, Dec'd, Hemlock township, Col. Co., Pa.

Letters testamentary in said estate having been granted to the undersigned executor, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate, present the same to

N. P. MOORE, Buckhorn,
C. W. MILLER, Atty. Executor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Samuel Appleman, late of Benton Twp., deceased.

Letters testamentary in said estate having been granted to the undersigned executor, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate, present the same to

HILBERT H. HULME, EXECUTOR.

SCIENTIFIC TRUTH!

REGARDING THE FUNCTIONS OF AN IMPORTANT ORGAN,

OF WHICH THE PUBLIC KNOWS BUT LITTLE, WORTHY CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

To the Editor of the Scientific American:

Will you permit us to make known to the public the facts we have learned during the past 8 years, concerning disorders of the human Kidneys and the organs which diseased Kidneys so easily break down? You are conducting a Scientific paper, and are unprejudiced except in favor of TRUTH. *It is needless to say, no medical journal of "Code" standing would admit these facts, for very obvious reasons.*

H. H. WARNER & CO.,
Proprietors of "Warner's Safe Cure."

That we may emphasize and clearly explain the relation the kidneys sustain to the general health, and how much is dependant upon them, we propose, metaphorically speaking, to take one from the human body, place it in the wash-bowl before us, and examine it for the public benefit.

You will imagine that we have before us a body shaped like a bean, smooth and glistening, about four inches in length, two in width, and one in thickness. It ordinarily weighs in the adult male, about five ounces, but is somewhat lighter in the female. A small organ? you say. But understand, the body of the average size man contains about *ten quarts of blood of which every drop passes through these filters or sewers,* as they may be called, *many times a day,* as often as through the heart, making a complete revolution in *three minutes.* From the blood they seperate the waste material, working away steadily, night and day, sleeping or waking, tireless as the heart itself, and fully of as much vital importance; removing impurities from 65 *gallons of blood each hour,* or about 49 barrels each day, or 9,125 hogsheads a year! What a wonder that the kidneys can last any length of time under this prodigious strain, treated and neglected as they are!

We slice this delicate organ open lengthwise with our knife, and will roughly describe its interior.

We find it to be of a reddish-brown color, soft and easily torn; filled with hundreds of little tubes, short and thread-like, starting from the arteries, ending in a little tuft about midway from the outside opening into a cavity of considerable size, which is called the pelvis or roughly speaking, a sac, which is for the purpose of holding the water to further undergo purification before it passes down from here into the ureters, and so on to the outside of the body. These little tubes are the filters which do their work automatically, and *right here is where the disease of the kidney first begins.*

Doing the vast amount of work which they are obliged to, from the slightest irregularity in our habits, from cold, from high living, from stimulants or a thousand and one other causes which occur every day, they become somewhat weakened in their nerve force.

What is the result? Congestion or stoppage of the current of blood in the small blood vessels surrounding them, which become blocked; these delicate membranes are irritated; inflammation is set up, then pus is formed, which collects in the pelvis or sac; the tubes are at first partially, and soon are totally, unable to do their work. The pelvic sac goes on distending with this corruption, pressing upon the blood vessels. All this time remember, the blood, which is entering the kidneys to be filtered, is *passing through this terrible, disgusting pus,* for it cannot take any other route!

Stop and think of it for a moment. Do you realize the importance, nay the vital necessity, of having the kidneys in order? Can you expect when they are diseased or obstructed, no matter how little, that you can have *pure blood and escape disease?* It would be just as reasonable to expect, if a pest-house were set across Broadway and countless thousands were compelled to go through its pestilential doors, an escape from contagion and disease, as for one to expect the blood to escape pollution when constantly running through a diseased kidney.

Now, what is the result? Why, that the blood takes up and deposits this poison as it sweeps along into every organ, into every inch of muscle, tissue, flesh and bone, from your head to your feet. And whenever, from hereditary influence or otherwise, some part of the body is weaker than another, a countless train of disease is established, such as consumption, in weak lungs, dyspepsia, where there is a delicate stomach; nervousness, insanity, paralysis or heart disease in those who have weak nerves.

The heart must soon feel the effects of the poison, as it requires pure blood to keep it in right action. It increases its stroke in number and force to compensate for the natural stimulus wanting, in its endeavor to crowd the impure blood through this obstruction, causing pain, palpitation, or an out-of-breath feeling. Unnatural as this forced labor is, the heart must soon falter, becoming weaker and weaker until one day it *suddenly stops,* and death from apparent "heart disease" is the verdict!

But the medical profession, learned and dignified, call these diseases by high sounding names, treat them alone, and patients die *for the arteries are carrying slow death to the affected part,* constantly adding fuel brought from these suppurating, pus-laden kidneys which here in our wash-bowl are very putrefaction itself, and which should have been cured first.

But this is not all the kidneys have to do; for you must remember that each adult takes about seven pounds of nourishment every twenty four hours to supply the waste of the body which is constantly going on, a waste equal to the quanity taken. This, too, the kidneys have to seperate from the blood with all other decomposing matter.

But you say, "my kidneys are all right. I have no pain in the back." Mistaken man! People die of kidney disease of so bad a character that the organs are rotten, and yet they have *never there had a pain nor an ache!*

Why? Because the disease begins, as we have shown, in the interior of the kidney, where *there are few nerves of feeling* to convey the sensation of pain. Why this is so we may never know.

When you consider their great work the delicacy of their structure, the ease with which they are deranged, can you wonder at the ill health of our men and women? Health and long life cannot be expected when so vital an organ is impaired. No wonder some writers say we are degenerating.

(Continued on third column.)

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM — PURELY — CALIFORNIA — ALCOHOL — EUREKA — D. WALKER'S — VINEGAR BITTERS

No other medicine known so effectually purges the blood of deep-seated diseases.

Millions bear testimony to its wonderful curative effects.

It is a purely Vegetable Preparation, made from the native herbs and roots of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol.

It removes the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health.

It is the great Blood Purifier and Life-giving Principle; a Gentle Purgative and Tonic; a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the power of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to.

The Alterative, Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Anti-Bilious, Solvent, Diuretic and Tonic properties of VINEGAR BITTERS exceed those of any other medicine in the world.

No person can take the BITTERS according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Bilious, Remittent, Intermittent and Malarial Fevers are prevalent throughout the United States, particularly in the valleys of our great rivers and their vast tributaries during the Summer and Autumn, especially during seasons of unusual heat and dryness.

These Fevers are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these organs, is absolutely necessary.

There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as it will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus forearmed.

It invigorates the Stomach and stimulates the torpid Liver and Bowels, cleansing the blood of all impurities, imparting life and vigor to the frame, and carrying off without the aid of Calomel, or other mineral, all poisonous matter from the system. It is easy of administration, prompt in action, and certain in its results.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Pneumonia, Dizziness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are at once relieved by VINEGAR BITTERS.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, the Bitters have no equal. In these, as in all constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS has shown its great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Typesetters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to Paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take occasional doses of VINEGAR BITTERS.

Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Swellings, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations, Humors and diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of the Bitters.

Pin, Tape and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like VINEGAR BITTERS.

Diseases of Scarlet Fever, Mumps, Whooping Cough, and all children's diseases may be made less severe by keeping the bowels open with mild doses of the Bitters. This wonderful remedy is especially adapted to the systems of children, for purifying herbs alone give it its remarkable curative powers. It contains no alcohol, opium or other poison.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, this Bitters has no equal.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood when its impurities burst through the skin in Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when, and the health of the system will follow.

In conclusion: Give the Bitters a trial, It will speak for itself. One bottle is a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Around each bottle are full directions printed in different languages.

R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors, San Francisco, Cal., and 528, 530 & 532 Washington St., Cor. Charlton St., New York.

Sold by all Dealers and Druggists.

OVER WORKED Women

For "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated school teachers, milliners, seamstresses, housekeepers, and over-worked women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all restorative tonics. It is not a "Cure-all," but admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most potent Specific for all those Chronic Weaknesses and Diseases peculiar to women. It is a powerful, general as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, and imparts vigor and strength to the whole system. It promptly cures weakness of stomach, indigestion, bloating, weak back, nervous prostration, debility and sleeplessness, in either sex. Favorite Prescription is sold by druggists under our positive guarantee. See wrapper around bottle. **Price $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00.**

A large treatise on Diseases of Women, profusely illustrated with colored plates and numerous wood-cuts, sent for 10 cents in stamps.

Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

SICK HEADACHE, Bilious Headache, and Constipation, promptly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. 25c. a vial, by druggists.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. DR. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., N.Y.

Feb 5-41-d

LADIES WANTED to work for us at their own homes. $7 to $10 per week can be easily made; no canvassing; fascinating and steady employment. Particulars and sample of the work sent for stamp. Address HOME M'F'G CO., P. O. Box 1916, Boston, Mass. jan.22-4t.d.

DEAFNESS Its CAUSES and CURE, by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most of the noted specialists of the day with no benefit. Cured himself in three months, and since then hundreds of others by same process. A plain, simple and successful home treatment. Address T. S. PAGE, 128 East 26th street, New York City. Jan-22-4t.d.

HELP for working people. Send 10 cents postage, and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. You can live at home and work in spare time only, or all the time. All of both sexes, of all ages, grandly successful, 50 cents to $5 easily earned every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To all who are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Immense pay absolutely sure for all who start at once. Don't delay. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. (dec18.

WE WANT SALESMEN everywhere, local and traveling, to sell our goods. Will pay good salary and all expenses. Write for terms at once and state salary wanted. Address STANDARD SILVER WARE COMPANY, Washington St., Boston, Mass. jan-22-4t.d.

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturers of
CARRIAGES BUGGIES, PHAETONS
SLEIGHS, PLATFORM WAGONS &C.
First-class work always on hand.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Prices reduced to suit the times.

DYSPEPSIA.—Its Nature, Causes, Prevention and Cure. By John H. Mealvin, Lowell, Mass., 14 years tax collector. Sent free to any address. feb 5, 4w d

CONSUMPTION.
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address.
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.
feb 5-41-d

CLAREMONT COLONY!
CLAREMONT COLONY!
CLAREMONT COLONY!
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CLAREMONT COLONY!
CLAREMONT COLONY!

A new Home every 16 days in the last 6 years. Our village, only 32 months old, has 8 stores, 2 hotels, 2 churches, school, newspaper, factory, foundry, 4 steamboats, 2 trains and 2 mails daily. Land rapidly advancing. Send, send, send **by all means,** send for circulars with 4 maps, 30 Photographic cuts of Houses, all about the wonderful growth of our colony, its soil, climate, markets, business opportunities, health, prices, terms, and 96 other distinct subjects. Farms for $200 on monthly installments to those having employment, without leaving their situation. Address **J. F. MANCHA,** Claremont, Surry Co., Va.
jan.-22-4t.d.

Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., N.Y.

Don't you see the great, the extreme importance of keeping this machinery in working order? Could the finest engine do even a fractional part of this work, without attention from the engineer? Don't you see how dangerous this hidden disease is? It is lurking about us constantly, without giving any indication of its presence.

The most skillful physicians cannot detect it at times, *for the kidneys themselves cannot be examined* by any means which we have at our command. Even an analysis of the water, chemically and microscopically, reveals nothing definite in many cases, even when the kidneys are fairly broken down

Then look out for them, as disease, no matter where situated, to 93 per cent., as shown by after-death examinations, has its origin in the breaking down of these secreting tubes in the interior of the kidney.

As you value health, as you desire long life free from sickness and suffering, give these organs some attention. Keep them in good condition and thus prevent (as is easily done) all disease.

Warner's Safe Cure, as it becomes year after year better known for its wonderful cures and its power over the kidneys, has done and is doing more to increase the average duration of life than all the physicians and medicines known. Warner's Safe Cure is a true specific, mild but certain, harmless but energetic and agreeable to the taste.

Take it when sick as a cure, and never let a month go by if you need it, without taking a preventative, that the kidneys may be kept in proper order, the blood pure, that health and long life may be your blessing.

H. H. WARNER & CO.

ODD ITEMS.

Governor Houser, of Montana, is said to have a daily income of $500.

Next to nothing—A fashionable young lady out in a promenade with a society dude.

A coal dealer lays up treasures in heaven when he goes out of his weigh to oblige a poor widow.

The small-pox scare in Montreal had the effect of temporarily stopping defalcations in this country.

Somebody says that the more out of shape a woman gets herself the more fashionable she thinks she looks.

Every bride is beautiful, and it is a mystery to many a bachelor where all the plain married women come from.

Egypt as well as Japan shows its influence in ornaments—cats and serpents being the latest caprices in jewelery.

During the last season, the best ever known, 5659 salmon were taken in the Yorkshire fisheries district, averaging ten and one-half pounds each.

President Cleveland is said to prefer a minstrel show to other theatrical performances. It is strange he seldom attends the sessions of Congress.

A new fashionable dance is called the "button dance." Yes, we've seen it. The wife neglects to do the buttons, and the husband does the dancing.

A New York woman paid $265 for a wing for her hat. Instead of money taking to itself wings it is a case of wing taking to itself money.—*Boston Transcript*

My son, when you run for office remember that a lump of sugar will attract more flies than can light on it. This is the first great lesson in American politics.

Mrs. Speaker Carlisle's robe worn by her at a recent reception was a Parisian creation, and was made of electric embossed velvet, with a breast knot of lovely roses.

A Fon du Lac paper, in noticing a wedding which recently occured in that place, says that each of the parties is under 18 years of age, and both are growing nicely.

"I would like to have my husband bailed out," the wife of a drunkard said to a Police Judge. "All right," said His Honor. "Send for a doctor and a stomach pump!"

Miss Love, who was heralded not long ago as the fiancee of President Cleveland, is now in Washington. She is fair, tall and past 40, and has no idea of marrying any man.

No Ethel; when you hear of a young girl having made a good "match" it doesn't signify that she has got something that will get up every morning and light the fire.

Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin, is described as having a small head surrounded by "sandy-brown cyclone-tossed hair." He has "a molasses-colored dab of a moustache."

John Sherman is said to be growing old fast. He is thin of flesh, the lines on his face have grown perceptibly deeper, and there seems to be a certain contraction of his features.

A pound of bananas, it is said, contains more nutriment than three pounds of meat. The amount of profanity they contain when smeared on the sidewalk has not been calculated.

The Washington correspondent of a Cleveland paper asserts that there is now in Washington an ex-member of the Pennsylvania Legislature who is noted for having sold his railroad pass for an overcoat.

A woman in Bradford, Pa., undertook to sew a button on a man's vest and was instantly killed by a lamp explosion. It is suggested that married women should paste this item on their looking glasses.

A close observer says that one reason why woman has not reached eminence in the mechanic arts is because she has never been able to rise superior to the idea that the right way to drive a nail is to do it with both eyes shut.

A philanthropist asked the daughter of a rich manufacturer, who employs hundreds of men, if she ever did anything for her father's hands? "No," was the reply, "but I rub mine with glycerine and oatmeal every night."

How to Brush the Teeth.

Most people brush across the teeth from right to left. This manner of brushing will not remove the accumulations from between them, but tends rather to force the debris into the interstices. The brush should be placed against the teeth at the gums, and rotated toward the masticating surfaces. It will thus act like a bundle of fine toothpicks. In order to make the work effectual, the brush should be applied, as described, both inside and outside of the teeth, and also upon the grinding surfaces of the double teeth. The mouth should then be thoroughly rinsed with tepid water.

THE NARROW ESCAPE
Of a Massachusetts Engineer.

Sleep after fatigue and health after disease are two of the sweetest experiences known to man. Fourteen years is a long time to suffer, yet Mr. Peter Lawler, of Dalton, Mass., had led a miserable life for that period through the presence of stone in the bladder. He did obtain temporary relief, but nothing more. Last January he called on Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., who said, after an examination: "Mr. Lawler, you have stone in the bladder. We will first try DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY before risking an operation." A few days later the following letter passed through the Rondout postoffice:

DALTON, Mass., Feb. 6.

DEAR DR. KENNEDY: The day after I came home I passed two gravel stones, and am doing nicely now. PETER LAWLER.

Dr. Kennedy now has the stones at his office, and they are sufficiently formidable to justify the claim that KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY is the leading specific for stone in the bladder. In his letter Mr. Lawler mentions that FAVORITE REMEDY also cured him of rheumatism. The subjoined certificate tells its own story:

OLD BERKSHIRE MILLS,
DALTON, Mass., April 27, 1882.

Mr. Peter Lawler has been a resident of this town for the past seventeen years, and in our employ for fifteen, and in all these years he has been a good and respected citizen of this town and community. He has had some chronic disease to our knowledge for most of the time, but now claims to be, and is, in apparent good health.

CHARLES O. BROWN, President.

$1 bottle; six for $5.

Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy," of Rondout, N. Y.—It is not a mere soother, temporarily, of pain, but by its alterative action purifies the blood, restores a healthful condition to the diseased organs, and even dissolves and causes the expulsion of gravel and stone from the kidneys and bladder. The testimony of hundreds who have been cured by it vouches for this.

KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY,
THE GREAT
Blood Purifier of the World.
AN ABSOLUTE CURE FOR
CATARRH.

THE most stubborn cases yield readily to it and has not failed to Cure a single case where directions are followed. Its success has been remarkable and its cures wonderful. It is the most successful preparation in the market for CATARRH and the only one that promises an Absolute, Positive Cure. It is truly a blessing to mankind. A Trial is all that is asked for it. Once used, it is always recommended. Send for testimonials of actual cures.

IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR
MALARIA.
A POSITIVE CURE IS ASSURED.

One bottle is generally sufficient for a cure. Stop taking Quinine. A trial only is asked for KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY. It is a SPECIFIC for all diseases arising from an impure blood and drives all eruptions from the skin. For Syphilitic complaints it is superior to any preparation in the market. Five bottles will cure most of the following complaints and a continued use will positively cure. Save doctor bills and try it.

RHEUMATISM.
SCROFULA.
SKIN ERUPTIONS.
VENEREAL DISEASES.
DYSPEPSIA.
LOSS OF APPETITE.
FEELING OF LANGOUR.
BILIOUSNESS.
LIVER TROUBLES.
NERVOUS WEAKNESS.
FEMALE WEAKNESS.

KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY is no patent medicine, but a scientific and pleasant preparation to take and surely the greatest medical discovery of the age. One bottle represents the entire formula and contains more virtue than a half dozen bottles of ordinary patent preparations. Write for testimonials and other information.

For sale by druggists generally.

PRICE, SINGLE BOTTLE, SIX BOTTLES FOR $5.00. On receipt of $5.00 by the manufacturers, SAMUEL F. KELLER & CO., Reading, Pa., six bottles will be sent express paid.

TRADE MARK

HEADACHES

Are generally induced by **Indigestion, Foul Stomach, Costiveness, Deficient Circulation,** or some **Derangement of the Liver and Digestive System.** Sufferers will find relief by the use of

Ayer's Pills

to stimulate the stomach and produce a regular daily movement of the bowels. By their action on these organs, AYER'S PILLS divert the blood from the brain, and relieve and cure all forms of **Congestive** and **Nervous Headache, Bilious Headache,** and **Sick Headache;** and by keeping the bowels free, and preserving the system in a healthful condition, they insure immunity from future attacks. Try

Ayer's Pills.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

SUPERIOR
SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

MICROSCOPES, FIELD-GLASSES, BAROMETERS. TELESCOPES. MAGIC LANTERNS. THERMOMETERS.
Drawing Instruments. Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus.
List and Descriptions of our Ten Catalogues sent FREE on application.

QUEEN & CO.
924 Chestnut St. PHILADELPHIA.
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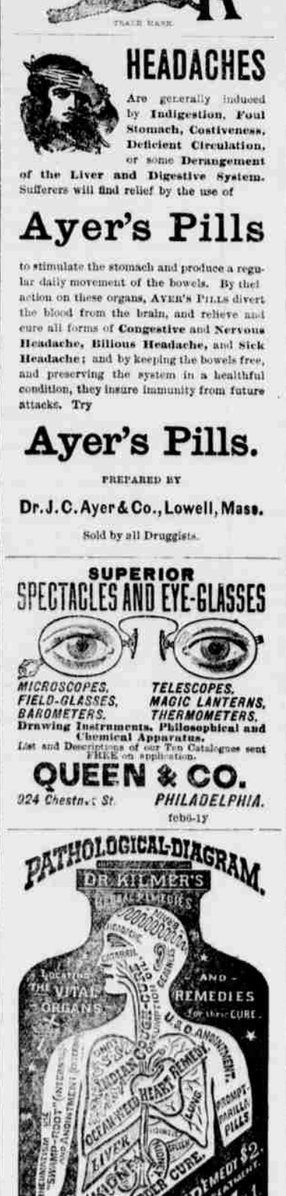
PATHOLOGICAL DIAGRAM.



IF YOU have internal slime fever, canker, acrid phlegm, bad taste and offensive breath—Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT removes all these conditions. Ask your druggist for it. 25c., $1.

IF YOU have lost your appetite, or tongue coated, dry and parched lips and mouth, spittle dry and cottony, or have become emaciated—Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT will build up your broken down constitution. Ask your druggist for it. 25c $1

IF YOU have sudden attacks of sinking spells the face white and deathly pale, and experience feelings as though dying, and coldness seizes your very vitals—Dr. Kilmer's OCEAN-WE-D rouses the heart's action and saves life. Druggists sell it. $1

IF YOU have fever, or pericardits, or heart case troubles, or have thick and sluggish blood, for as though bleeding would relieve you—Dr. Kilmer's OCEAN-WEED corrects and is the remedy you need. Druggists sell it. $1. 14.

$200,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cents postage, and by mail you will get free a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the $200,00 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine. (decis 85

SUBSCRIBE FOR
THE COLUMBIAN,

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

THE GREAT Unfailing Specific FOR LIVER DISEASE.

SYMPTOMS: Bitter or bad taste in mouth; tongue coated white or covered with a brown fur; pain in the back, sides, or joints often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach; loss of appetite; sometimes nausea and waterbrash, or indigestion; flatuency and acid eructations, bowels alternately costive and lax; headache; loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; debility; low spirits; a thick, yellow appearance of the skin and eyes; a dry cough; fever, restlessness; the urine is scanty and high colored, and, if allowed to stand, deposits a sediment.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR
(PURELY VEGETABLE)

Is generally used in the South to arouse the torpid liver to a healthy action.

IT ACTS WITH EXTRAORDINARY EFFICACY ON THE

LIVER,
KIDNEYS
AND BOWELS.

AS EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR
MALARIA, CONSTIPATION, SICK HEADACHE, NAUSEA, COLIC, MENTAL DEPRESSION, DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, JAUNDICE, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Endorsed by the use of 7 millions of bottles, as
The Best Family Medicine
For children, for adults, and for the aged.

SAFE TO TAKE IN ANY CONDITION OF THE SYSTEM!

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS, PHILADELPHIA, PA.
may 29-1y PRICE, $1.00.

GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

CURES ALL HUMORS,
from a common **Blotch,** or **Eruption,** to the worst **Scrofula. The best Blood Purifier ever discovered.** By Druggists.

PRICE $1.00, OR 6 BOTTLES FOR $5.00.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.
BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH.		STATIONS.	SOUTH.	
p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.
9 00	8 30	....Scranton....	9 10	2 05
8 54	8 26	....Bellevue....	9 20	2 10
8 48	8 22	....Taylorville....	9 26	2 16
8 40	8 16	....Lackawanna....	9 34	2 24
8 33	8 08	....Pittston....	9 41	2 30
8 27	8 03	....West Pittston....	9 47	2 36
8 22	7 58	....Wyoming....	9 52	2 41
8 17	7 54	....Mallory....	9 56	2 45
8 12	7 50	....Bennett....	10 02	2 47
8 08	7 47	....Kingston....	10 05	2 50
8 08	7 47	....Kingston....	10 05	2 50
8 03	7 42	Plymouth June	10 10	2 55
7 59	7 38	....Plymouth....	10 15	3 00
7 54	7 34	....Avondale....	10 20	3 05
7 50	7 30	....Nanticoke....	10 25	3 10
7 43	7 23	Hunlock's Creek	10 32	3 17
7 36	7 16	....Shickshinny....	10 40	3 25
7 30	7 10	....Hick's Ferry....	10 46	3 31
7 24	7 04	....Beach Haven....	10 52	3 37
7 05	6 47	....Berwick....	11 04	3 50
6 58	6 41	....Briar Creek....	11 10	3 56
6 54	6 38	....Willow Grove....	11 14	3 59
6 50	6 34	....Mount Hope....	11 18	4 03
6 42	6 27	....Espy....	11 25	4 10
6 36	6 21	....Bloomsburg....	11 30	4 16
6 30	6 16	....Rupert....	11 36	4 22
6 25	6 11	Catawissa Bridge	11 41	4 27
6 08	5 56	....Danville....	11 58	4 43
6 00	5 49	....Chulasky....	12 05	4 50
5 55	5 45	....Cameron....	12 08	4 53
5 40	5 32	Northumberland	12 25	5 05
p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.
Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 1st, 1882

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect Nov. 8th, 1885. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD.

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and Intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 4.40 p. m.; Washington, 5.50 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.45 p. m.—Day express daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 6.45 p. m.; Washington, 8.00 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

7.50 p. m.—Renovo Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York 7.00 a. m. Baltimore, 5.25 a. m.; Washington 6.30 a. m.; sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York, on Sundays through sleeping car will be run on this train from Williamsp't to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

7.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.25 a. m. New York, 11.30 a. m.; Baltimore 8.15 a. m.; Washington, 9.25 a. m. Through Baltimore sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.20 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.53—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1.00 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Williamsport.

5.30 p. m. Past Line (daily except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Kinzua, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.30 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.30 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.55 a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday, Parlor car leaving at Sunbury, 1.00 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 9.50 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m. with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.20 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.50 p. m., (daily except Saturday) arriving at Sunbury 5.15 a. m., with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 10.00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.52 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.18 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.37 p. m., Wilkes-barre 7.56 p. m

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.40 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 12.05 p. m., Sunbury 12.55 p. m

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 2.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.15 p. m., Sunbury 5.10 p.m.

SUNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 9.25 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.14 a. m. Wilkes-Barre 11.30 a.m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 5.15 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 6.48 p. m., Sunbury, 7.45 p. m.

CHA. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent

Slates and Felts,
Slate Mantels,
Slate Black Boards,
School Slate,
Roofing Slate,
Roofing Felts, 1, 2 & 3 Py.
J. L. HULL.
25 Lackawanna Avenue, Scranton, Pa
May 22-1y

TEA AND COFFEE A handsome VASE LAMP given with a $5 order for Tea and Coffee. An Iron Stone CHAMBER SET, 10 pieces, or a TEA SET, 44 pieces, or a handsome BRONZE HANGING LAMP given with a $10 order. A CHAMBER SET of 10 pieces, with blue, maroon or pink band or an IRON STONE CHINA TEA SET of 56 pieces, or a GLASS SET of 50 pieces given with a $12 order. HANDSOME PARLOR LAMPS, consisting of Decorated China Ware in Tea sets, also Dinner and Tea sets combined, and Chamber sets, etc., etc., given with orders for $18, $20, $25, $28 and $30. Send for circular, which will give you full particulars. GRAND UNION TEA COMPANY, 210 South Main St., Wilkes Barre, Pa. headquarters 30 Front street, New York City. may 15-1y CLUB ORDERS

The Buried Secrets of the Bottom of the Ocean.

Not long ago Vico bay, in the north of Spain, was the scene of a treasure-seeking expedition. Many a naval battle has been fought in these placid waters. But all of them, Sir Francis Drake's included, fade into insignificance besides that in which Rooke and the Dutch captured the galoons laden with the wealth of Mexico. Five of these huge treasure ships were set on fire, and eleven borne off by their captors. What became of the latter we know. But five, laden with wealth untold, after burning to the water's edge, sank beneath the waves, and as no one has yet been able to recover the pieces of eight, and the bars of "plate," it is logically certain that they still lie there under silt and sand, waiting for the happy man who can find them. Unfortunately, the sea has a jealous trick of concealing its wealth. No doubt, as Clarence's dream, there must be perdu at the bottom of the ocean, "wedges of gold, anchors, heaps of pearls, inestimable stones, unvalued gems."

Yet in all the wonderful tales told by sea-going men, there is no instance of a diamond coming up in the tallow of the sounding lead, and the mariner who remembers finding a bar of gold in the fluke of his anchor has not ventured to try the faith of the world with his reminiscences. The truth seems to be that currents soon scatter such objects, and in time they get overlaid with great accumulations of sand, mud and ooze. For three long years the Challenger dredged and heaved the lead and swept the sea bottom with cunningly-contrived tangles. All manner of objects, dead and living, were br